

# THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

VOL. XXXII, NO. 276.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1917.

Portsmouth Daily Republican Merged  
with THE HERALD, July 1, 1902.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## WAR BOARD ISSUES THIRD CALL FOR DRAFT

**Men Summoned Will Be Examined for  
Fitness for Military Service on Aug-  
ust 22, 23 and 24**

Local Board for Division No. 1, For the County of Rockingham, State of N. H.  
Portsmouth, N. H.

### NOTICE OF CALL AND TO APPEAR FOR PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.

The following named persons are hereby notified that, pursuant to the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, they are called for military service of the United States by this local board.

The serial number and the order number of each of such persons is shown below. They will report at the office of this Local Board for physical examination on the twenty-second day of August, 1917, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Any claim for exemption or discharge must be made on forms which may be procured, or the form of which may be copied at the office of the Local Board on or before the seventh day after the date of posting of this notice.

Your attention is called to the penalties for violation or evasion of the Selective Service Law approved May 18, 1917, and of the Rules and Regulations which may be consulted at this office.

Serial No.	Name.	Address on Registration Card.	Order No.
270	Walter J. Leach	440 Hanover St., Portsmouth, N. H.	241
537	Earle Brazil Nichols	24 Highland St., Newton, N. H.	242
1076	Oweh Meridith O'Leary	713 Sagamore Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	243
2024	Russell Prescott Chapman	Stratham, N. H.	244
360	Caroline D'Conzo	6 Prescott St., Newmarket, N. H.	245
1657	Lyman Francis Macdonald	574 Broad St., Portsmouth, N. H.	246
1217	Douglas Joseph Gould	110 State St., Portsmouth, N. H.	247
571	Telephore Tourigny	Newmarket, N. H.	248
1574	Benjamin Frank Peek	Rye, N. H.	249
458	John Merck	22 Nichol Ave., Newmarket, N. H.	250
7543	Cornelius Raymond Reardon	337 Bartlett St., Portsmouth, N. H.	251
704	Milton Horace Anderson	Plaistow, N. H.	252
72	Percy Badger Brown	Marsh Ave., Hampton, N. H.	253
3395	Eugene Eldon Beckman	Seabrook, N. H.	254
1709	Willis Fred Tibbets	10 New Castle Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	255
356	Joseph Arthur Cournoyer	6 Elm St., Newmarket, N. H.	256
112	Everett Lewis Nudd	High St., Hampton, N. H.	257
2067	John A. Scully	40 Rockingham St., Portsmouth, N. H.	258
123	Iryen Stanley	Black Swamp Road, Hampton, N. H.	259
1012	Willis Jacob Evans	South Hampton, N. H.	260
679	George Langlois	Bradford R. P. D. No. 2, Vermont	261
805	Gaugl Ferini (Arcangelo)	63 Russell St., Portsmouth, N. H.	262
11	Raymond Eaton Currier	East Kingston, N. H.	263
300	Philadelp S. Canals	80 Hill St., Portsmouth, N. H.	264
1981	Henry Osborne Perkins	Seabrook, N. H.	265
5617	Wesley Pierce Downing	280 South St., Portsmouth, N. H.	266
363	Nazare Deantouille	Exeter Road, Newmarket, N. H.	267
1287	Harold Alexander Harston	175 Madison St., Portsmouth, N. H.	268
1142	Robert Morton Bradley	330 Richards Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	269
1705	George Herbert Kutter	180 Gates St., Portsmouth, N. H.	270
6	Ralph Hanson Buswell	East Kingston, N. H.	271
227	Anrele Joseph Blanchette	Elm St., Newmarket, N. H.	272
564	William H. Eaton	North Hampton, N. H.	273

(Continued on Page Five)

## PRESIDENT WILL GIVE POPE'S NOTE CLOSE STUDY

**Before Taking It Up With Secretary  
Lansing--Note Has Reached the State  
Department**

### SENATOR DENOUNCES THE I. W. W.

(By Associated Press)  
Washington, Aug. 17.—Senator Ashurst of Arizona denounced the Industrial Workers of the World. The Arizona senator declared: "After murder has been committed, and the man is brought into court, fine allbills are produced." Senator Ashurst says I. W. W. means Imperial Wilhelm Warriors.

### BRITISH LINE REINSTATED AT ALL POINTS

(By Associated Press)  
London, August 17.—The German troops made two counter attacks last night against the British positions near Loos. They had temporary success at some points, but the British lines were reinstated at all points.

\$4 Silk, Voile and Crepe de Chine  
Waists, \$1.95; special for Saturday at  
Everybody's Store.

(By Associated Press)  
Washington, August 17.—President Wilson and Secretary Lansing will soon begin a serious consultation in regard to the response to Pope Benedict's peace move. Before going forward with the communication, the views of the Entente governments on this subject will be ascertained. The contents of the peace note have reached the state department by cable from the London foreign office.

### BOARD EXEMPTS FOURTEEN MORE IN WAR DRAFT

**List Includes Married Men,  
Navy Yard Workmen  
and Aliens.**

The following men in the selective war draft were allowed exemption by the local board on Thursday:  
Godfrey Milt, Hampton, married man with dependents.  
Rouben, McFarland, Portsmouth, married man with dependents.  
Thomas F. Keavny, North Hampton, married man with dependents.  
William F. McIntire, Portsmouth, married man with dependents.  
Adolf Zaneck, Portsmouth, navy yard workman.  
John C. Snook, Portsmouth, navy yard workman.  
Alfred Barmante, Portsmouth, navy yard workman.  
William G Sawyer, Newmarket, married man, dependent wife.  
John Frederick Johnson, Portsmouth, married man, wife and child.  
Arthur A. Sutar, Plaistow, married man with dependents.  
Steven Pasalis, Portsmouth, resident alien.  
Justin M. Hanscom, Portsmouth, married man with dependents.  
John Pelezar, Newmarket, married man with dependents.  
Charles G. Even, Portsmouth, married man with aged and dependent parents.

### OFFICER IS KILLED BY HIS OWN REVOLVER

(By Associated Press)  
Newton, Aug. 17.—Captain Morton E. Cobb of the quartermaster's department of the U. S. army, died today of injuries received last night when an army revolver which he was exhibiting was accidentally discharged. Captain Cobb had been identified with the Massachusetts militia serving as lieutenant-colonel, and was 48 years old.

### WILL SEND TROOPS IF NECESSARY

(By Associated Press)  
Washington, Aug. 17.—The sending of Federal troops to Washington and Idaho is contemplated by the government if the activity of the I. W. W. gets beyond the control of the state and civil authorities. The department of justice and other branches will study the situation and act if necessary.

### MORE CONTROL OVER PUBLIC EXPENDITURES

(By Associated Press)  
London, April 17.—The house of commons has appointed a committee to inquire into the national finances and suggest methods of giving parliament more effective control over public expenditures.

### KITTERY

Sixth annual fair, St. Raphael Parish, Kittery, Me., will be held on the parish grounds Monday and Tuesday evenings, Aug. 20 and 21. Tickets 25c.

### MRS. EDWARD TUCK RECEIVES UNIQUE HONOR

At Paris last Sunday Mrs. Edward Tuck was decorated with the Cross of a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. The decoration was conferred in appreciation of Mrs. Tuck's munificence in founding a hospital at Reuil and many other benefactions. The presentation was made by M. Gallart, under secretary of state for health service.

The New Hampshire conference of Adventist churches will be held at Rochester in October.

Complete variety of fresh fruits always in stock, at Parris Bros. Tel. 29W.

## CHINA HAS DECLARED WAR ON GERMANY

**Allows Germans Five Days to Emigrate  
From That Country**

(By Associated Press)  
Peking, China, Aug. 17.—There has been a long discussion concerning the question of China's entry into the war. China declared war on Germany and Austria-Hungary at 10 o'clock this morning. China indicates that her act is entirely independent, and has allowed the emigration of Germans from China for five days only.

### BOMBS DROPPED ON MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

(By Associated Press)  
London, Aug. 17.—The administration announces that success has been made by aviators in dropping bombs on military establishments in Belgium. The Ghent fortress was bombarded and several fires occurred. Attacks were made in Angoulême and elsewhere. All of the air crafts have returned safely.

### FIVE SHIPS ARE OVERDUE

(By Associated Press)  
Berlin, August 17.—German official

report that since July 25, five ships, three of which are American, one British and one Japanese are overdue at port, are given up by their owners and agents with the belief that they have been destroyed by time bombs.

### THE WEATHER

Forecast for Portsmouth and vicinity—Showers this afternoon or tonight. Saturday fair, with variable winds, becoming generally northwesterly.

Sun Rises.....1:53  
Sun Sets.....6:43  
Length of Day.....13:50  
High Tide.....11:06 am, 11:17 pm  
Moon Sets.....6:25 pm  
Light Automobile Lamps at...7:12 pm

Men's summer cool cloth suits, \$3 and \$10 value, for Saturday only \$5.45, at Everybody's Store.

**QUICK SERVICE**

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY AND TIME BY LETTING US SAVE YOUR SOLES.

We use the **GOODYEAR welt system** And Good Stock

Everything in Footwear. Shoe Findings  
A Full Line of Tennis Goods.

**OREN BRAGDON & SON**  
Portsmouth, N. H.

## VACATION TIME SUGGESTIONS

Bathing Suits for Misses and Ladies... \$2.50 to \$5.98

Pure Rubber Bathing Caps... 25c to 75c

Books (Popular rebinds) all the new titles... 60c copy

Toilet Articles, Talcum Powder, Face Powder, Toilet Water, Tooth Powder and Paste.

Hosiery, silk plaited in all the wanted colors, also black and white... 45c pr.

Gossard, LaGrecque and R. & G. Corsets... \$1 to \$6.50  
Come and be fitted before you go away.

**L. E. STAPLES**  
MARKET STREET

## Gowns of Unusual Beauty

are a feature of our ready-to-wear department that will please the most exacting buyer. These are carefully selected from leading New York makers who cater to the finest trade of the country. The styles are exclusive as we rarely buy two alike, the models are new and attractive, the fit and finish perfect in every way.

FINE FRENCH SERGE DRESSES in brown and navy blue in graceful and becoming styles... \$8.98, \$12.00, \$15.00

BEAUTIFUL GOWNS of taffeta, crepe de chine and Georgette crepe, white, black, navy, taupe, grey and gold... \$15.00, \$22.50, \$27.50

**Geo. B. French Co.**



### TWO AIRPLANES CRUSHED TOGETHER

(By Associated Press)  
Toronto, Can., Aug. 17.—Two airplanes flying this morning crashed together near Armour and were wrecked. One of the planes burst into flames and the aviator, S. H. Dorr, was killed. The victim sustained a broken neck. The aviator of the other machine, whose name was not given out, escaped with minor injuries.

### DRAWN FOR DRAFT, TAKES HIS LIFE

(By Associated Press)  
Meriden, Conn., Aug. 17.—William S. Kerr, aged 25, an undertaker, who had passed the selective draft, went to his room and killed himself. His father is Rev. H. C. Kerr of Middletown, N. Y., and he has a sister living in Orange, N. J.

## LONDON BITTER ON PEACE PLAN

### Resents Proposal of Reciprocal Condonation and Clean Slate.

London, August 17.—The complete text of the paper appeal for peace furnishes no more ground that peace can be made now than did the summaries telegraphed throughout the world Wednesday. If anything, the paper message in its entirety is more of a disappointment than encouragement to those who expected and hoped most from it. I have heard it compared today to President Wilson's peace message of December, 1916, and his tongue of nations speech, greatly to the disadvantage of the plentiful essay.

Benedict has stood still regardless of all that urged President Wilson to move forward. He talks of the substitution of the moral force of arms for the material force of arms despite the significance of the fact that the United States has been forced to take up arms to defend her rights. He looks to general acceptance of arbitration which shall do away with armies while the world is still menaced by the greatest military organization in the history of the world. With that organization still dominant how are the sanctions against states which would refuse to submit to arbitration or to accept its decisions to be determined?

This part of the paper argument is specially vitiated in the British opinion by his reference to the "real liberty and community of the seas." Clear evidence of German influence is seen in the phrase that such freedom of the seas would eliminate manifold causes of conflict. Germany never claimed to have gone to war to obtain "freedom of the seas," which was never denied her in time of peace; but being in war, wants to establish international laws for the seas which would bind other nations to whom international agreements are not scraps of paper.

Another part of the paper message which meets with approval here is the suggestion that the state shall be wiped clean of all the aggression and misdeeds of the last three years. This entire and reciprocal condonation would include everything from the invasion of Belgium to the sinking of the Lusitania.

Bitter feeling has been aroused by the subsequent passage in the paper message suggesting that the war is being continued for the reason of economic order. German publicists continually proclaim that America has gone into the war chiefly for the sake of saving the money which her citizens have loaned to the allies. Does this Teutonic theory enter into the paper impudently as to the reasons of economic order which contribute to the prosecution of the war?

Such are roughly the impressions one gathers from Englishmen of authority on the first reading of the paper message.

The Daily Mail editorial speaks of "The Pope's impossible suggestions" and continues:

"Does any one suppose they represent the unprompted thoughts and initiative of the Vatican? They are so clearly of Teutonic origin that they might just as well have been written in German. The hand is the hand of Pope Benedict, but the voice is the voice of the Kaiser."

## KITTERY

Kittery, Aug. 17.—Services will be conducted at the First M. E. church, North Kittery, as usual on Sunday. The pastor, Rev. D. M. Wentworth, will preach in the morning on 1 Timothy, 2:8, "Knowing God." Sunday school will follow in charge of the superintendent.

### You Who Build for Investment

WHEN building for investment, you must first consider cost—the fact or which determines the profit. Yet you dare not sacrifice either quality or appearance. Time spent in considering materials, with these objects in mind, is time well spent.

If you are really going to build we can secure for you, FREE, some handsome and very practical booklets on this subject. No obligation, send us your name and address.

**Littlefield  
Lumber Co.**

Note—The beautiful grain of North Carolina Pine, as well as its splendid susceptibility to stains, chemicals and paints makes it especially desirable for investment.

tendent, Mr. Elbridge Remick. In the evening at 7:30 the sermon will be on Matthew 9:10, "Putting your shoulder to the wheel."

Mrs. Martha Fernald of Portsmouth is passing two days with her aunt, Miss Emma Gerry of Remick's Corner. Mrs. Willard Goodwin and little son of York have been recent visitors in town.

Kittery was visited on Thursday morning by the worst thunder storm of the season, and while no serious results were reported, minor difficulties were numerous. About half the telephones in town were rendered useless, electric lights were put out of commission in various districts, and the car service was badly crippled (all along in the forenoon).

Rev. I. James Merry and wife and son of New Castle were visitors in town on Thursday evening.

The Ladies' Aid of the Government Street church held a regular meeting on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Ulysses G. Swett, with Mrs. Samuel Edward as hostess. It was planned to hold a chain of teas in September. Refreshments of sandwiches, fruit punch and candy were served.

Miss Anna Paul of Medford, Mass., is visiting her aunt, Miss Alice Paul of Cattle's Hill.

George Remick of Saco is passing a few days in town.

The regular choir rehearsal of the Second Christian church will be held tonight at the vestry.

Mrs. Warren Roberts of North Berwick is the guest of relatives in town.

Mrs. Harold Mayhew of Hyattsville, Md., formerly of Kittery, and children are visiting relatives in Portsmouth.

Leon French and family returned on Thursday from Camden, Me.

Mrs. Fred Dawson of Saco is visiting friends in town.

Miss Lillian Goodrich still remains in her home on Rogers' road.

Edward E. Shapleigh, Jr., of Otis avenue, started today on a vacation from his duties at the navy yard, and will pass the same in Grovelton, N. H., with his family, who have been there for several weeks.

D. G. C. Albert W. Nowell will officially visit Constitution Lodge, K. of P., Tuesday evening, Aug. 21, for the purpose of installing the officers-elect. A full attendance is desired.

**AT PRINCE'S MARKET**

Lamb is the only kind of meat you can touch with a ten-foot pole.

Sugar cured smoked shoulders, 22c.

Sugar cured ham, small and tender, 26c.

Two pounds tomatoes, natives, 25c.

Nice can peas, 15c or two for 25c.

**KITTERY POINT**

Kittery Point, August 17.—A number of people were privileged to witness a beautiful sight last night when a sailing vessel was guided safely into the lower harbor by the searchlight from Port Foster. Never has the harbor been more interesting to spectators than this summer with its well guarded forts, patrol boats, all giving an appearance of majesty and dignity.

During the severe storm of Thursday morning, the schooner Pisella, loaded with lumber, St. Johns for Boston, was struck by lightning while anchored in the lower harbor, badly damaging one of her masts and stunning one of the crew.

A large patrol boat, converted yacht with wireless, two guns, no name, No. 507 on her bow, is lying in the lower harbor.

A meeting of the Equal Suffrage League was held with Miss Ellen D. Usher at the home of Mrs. Marcella Roberts this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Clark and daughter Myrtle of Dorchester, Mass., have returned to their home after visiting the former's brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar C. Clark.

The date of the Red Cross meeting has been changed from Monday afternoon to Tuesday afternoon until further notice.

Miss Susie Seaward is visiting her brother, Cecil Seaward of Dover for two days.

Mrs. Evelyn M. Tobey is passing a few days with relatives in Newcastle, N. H.

Mr. Charles Akerman of New York and sister, Mrs. Annie Green of Newcastle, N. H., have been the recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Parley Tobey.

Dr. Louis Parody, Mrs. Parody and three children of Rumford Falls, Me., are visiting Mrs. Peabody's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Parrott.

Mrs. Elizabeth Upham and daughter Francis returned to their home in Portsmouth today after passing several months here.

Mrs. Parley Tobey and little daughter Pauline spent Thursday the guests of Mrs. Clayton Patch at Oakland Farm.

The K. F. G. Embroidery club will meet on Saturday afternoon with Mrs. George Kimball.

Mrs. Sarah Ladd of Epping, N. H., spent Thursday with Mrs. Milton P. Bray.

Mrs. Frank Getchell, little son and Miss Gladie Phillips are visiting friends in Dover, N. H., for a few days.

The Ladies' Sewing Circle of the Congregational church will be omitted from now until October.

Mrs. Hilda Tobey and son Wendell visited Mrs. John Patch at York on Thursday.

The Knitting Bee in connection with work in aid of the French wounded met with Mrs. W. P. Bray last evening, 12 ladies being present. Refreshments were served.

## MORE SHOE MEN MAY QUIT LYNN

### Independent Manufacturers Will Declare for Lower Wages.

Thirty-five of the 48 independent Lynn shoe manufacturers who have kept their shops running since April 18, when the members of the Lynn Manufacturers Association shut down their factories, met in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday and appointed a committee to draw up statements in answer to the charges of the shoe workers' unions that if the independent shoe manufacturers can pay the wages demanded by the unions, the association can afford to do the same, and which will reveal the facts that the independent factories are now running at a loss.

The resolutions will endorse the action of the Manufacturers' Association "in the present industrial situation," and will place the independents on record as being in favor of the state board of arbitration as an arbitrator. They will also make public the fact that while the independents have been paying the prices demanded by the unions, they have been losing money by doing so, and unless prices are adjusted they, too, will have to shut down or move from Lynn.

The independent manufacturers also wish to explain that they are paying higher wages for labor on shoes which retail at a lower price than the shoes manufactured in other cities. Therefore, the Lynn manufacturers, turning out a lower grade shoe make less profit and are not able to pay the same wages. Even the little "Rock-eye" shops, employing three or four men, are in great danger of being forced to close.

## NORTH KITTERY

North Kittery, Aug. 17.—The People's Society will hold services in the former school house Sunday, Aug. 19. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Herbert W. Brooks; morning worship with sermon at 10:45; evening services at 7:30; Sunday school directly following the morning service.

The dinner to be given by the Ladies' Union which was postponed from last Saturday will be served tomorrow noon. It will be a New England dinner and everyone is invited. The men will work on the building, the boys will help in cleaning the lot and the women and girls will help with the dinner.

Rev. Herbert W. Brooks has returned from a business trip to Portland, Brunswick, Bath, Wiscasset, Dresden, Gardiner and Augusta.

Mr. Lloyd Shapleigh and wife of Boston were recently the guests of Mr. Shapleigh's grandfather, Mr. Dennis Shapleigh of North Kittery. During their stay Mrs. Shapleigh, who is an accomplished musician, rendered several selections at a gathering of intimate friends of the family, and was highly complimented on her ability.

Miss Lella Tilgh of Hartford, Conn., spent Sunday with Mrs. Emily Pierce of North Kittery. Miss Tilgh has recently visited the Moody schools at Northfield, motoring from there to Bretton Woods, and stopping for the day with Mrs. Petree before returning to Hartford.

## EXETER

Exeter, Aug. 17.—Employees of the Portsmouth navy yard living in Newmarket, Newfields, Stratham and Greenland, have petitioned the Boston and Maine railroad to change the running time of the early morning freight from Manchester so they can make connections with the navy yard train at Portsmouth. The freight was set back an hour at the changing of the time in June, largely to accommodate workmen going to Raymond and Epping from up the line. What the navy yard employees wish is to compromise and run the train half an hour earlier, and all would be benefited by the change.

Kenneth E. Fuller, son of Attorney Arthur O. Fuller, who received a commission as second lieutenant at the Plattsburg camp, is at his home here on a brief leave of absence.

The Baker agency has sold the Cheney property on Gill street to Robert B. Wardwell, who will soon occupy it for a home.

Another real estate transaction recorded at the Rockingham county registry of deeds yesterday was the sale of the dwelling owned by Annie C. Ellis of Newfields, situated on the Lee road, to Charles Lease of Dorchester, Mass.

Orville Sailer of Boston is spending a vacation at his home in Stratham, with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. P. S. Sailer.

Henry Seamon of Coast Artillery Co. 3, which is at Fort Stark, returned to his home here yesterday for a brief leave of absence.

Rev. George Conch of North Brookfield, Mass., a local boy, and son of the late Chief of Police Charles G. Conch, will preach at the First Congregational church Sunday morning.

The draft examinations have been completed, but only a small proportion of the required quota of 45 men was

obtained, owing to the large number of objections and claims for exemptions. Among the last to be rejected were: Herman W. Hildeberg of Haverhill; Edward H. Ramsdell of Derry; Frank H. Ray of Haverhill; Arthur Hammerstrom of Deerfield; Clarence A. Stevens of Deerfield; Fay B. Smith of Raymond and Walter E. Moss of Exeter.

The first man to file an exemption claim on the ground of being an alien was Sam Nabeshka of Derry, and others to claim exemption were: Arthur T. Cobb of Exeter, dependents; Charles H. Smart of Derry, dependents; Thomas Foxall of Derry, divinity student; Nicholas Testillas of Derry, dependents; and Charles H. Hamblett of Derry, dependents.

The board yesterday had not decided on the date for the next examinations, but the second call for 130 more men will soon be sent out, as the men must report some time next week.

## GREENLAND

Greenland, August 17.—Miss Martha Bennett of Lynn, Mass., is the guest at the Bennett home here.

The Boy Scouts under the direction of Rev. P. W. Lamberton are arranging for a lecture course to be given the coming winter. The first in the series will be by the Lotus Quarter of Boston, and the second by Thomas Mott Osborne of the Portsmouth navy yard. This new pastor of the Methodist church is doing a great deal to train the boys in intelligent and useful ways, also in thoughtful acts for others.

Mrs. Lee Roy Babcock and her mother, Mrs. Kilder, and sister, Mrs. Blaisdell of Goffstown are passing the week-end at York Beach.

Mrs. Stephen Evans and Miss Vivian Steve have returned from several days' stay at York Beach.

Thornton M. Weeks is still at the Portsmouth hospital, having a mild form of typhoid fever. His friends are hoping for a favorable convalescence and return home soon.

Miss Rollins and her brother, Mr. Rollins who have been summer guests of the Misses Mabelle and Carrie Weeks left in their auto on Friday on route for their home in Detroit after a visit to the White Mountains. Other guests recently arrived here are the Misses Hester Coffin of Boston, Margaret Harvey of Winthrop, Mass., Dora Bourse of Somerville, Edward Fitzhugh of Boston, Henry Wilson of Winthrop. The two latter are over Sunday visitors.

The Women's Home Missionary meeting will be on Friday afternoon at the Congregational church. A program "The Red Cross" has been prepared and will be given by young people and is of unusual interest. A cordial invitation is extended to any and everybody interested to come.

Mrs. Sarah R. Weeks has been attending the Christian Missionary Alliance convention at Old Orchard which had an attendance of over four thousand persons. The collection for support of 300 missionaries in all parts of the world amounted to \$66.60, a response to the appeal of Bishop Simpson for funds to retain the work.

## NEWINGTON

Newington, August 17.—The work at the shipyard is progressing as rapidly as possible. All available teams are working there.

The rain is more than welcome, only one wishes it had come sooner, even if it does delay the farmers who have not finished haying.

Charles Pickering and sister spent Wednesday in Cambridge, Mass., with their brother, Hiram Pickering.

James Pickering and wife took a party in their auto consisting of Mrs. James Coleman, Mrs. Howard Knox and Mrs. Sullivan Packard, to Portland and vicinity recently.

Mrs. Emma Pickering of Sanford, Me., passed Sunday with friends in town.

Mrs. Grace Ladd is passing a few days with her brother, Mr. William Parker and family.

Miss Grace Pickering, a student nurse at the Homeopathic hospital in Boston, is passing her vacation with her father, Mr. Luther Pickering.

Mr. Amos Moody of Lynn is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Charles Coleman.

Mr. and Mrs. Justin Rand and children Josephine and Constance passed Sunday with relatives in Rye.

A funeral has been put in the parsonage under the auspices of the Repeper's society who extend their thanks to the townspeople who so liberally assisted them.

Miss Seaver of Keene, N. H., is engaged to teach the grammar grades at the beginning of the school year.

Mrs. Ransom of Mattapoisett, Mass., is passing several weeks with her daughter Mrs. Darius Frink.

President Pack came blow our horn. Our allies are calling for wheat and corn.

Set the nation to work to grow turnips and squash.

And we'll feed the whole world with our food by goal.

From the National Emergency Food Garden Commission, Washington, D. C.

A lazy liver leads to chronic dyspepsia and constipation—weakens the whole system. Doan's Regulax (30c per box) act mildly on the liver and bowels. At all drug stores.

Read the Want Ads.

## SEEK FOR BOGUS ARMY CAPTAIN

### Federal Officers After Man Who Lured Denver Girl to Boston and Providence.

Providence, Aug. 17.—Special Agent Howick of the department of Justice has started a nation-wide search for a man posing as "Capt. W. L. Clark, U. S. A." And who is alleged to have brought a Denver girl to Providence in violation of the Mann act.

On Aug. 10 Clark passed a check for \$20 on Mary E. Loveland, 158 Pearl street. The name of Maj. T. A. Roberts of the Rhode Island National Guard was forged on the check. The matter was reported to Mr. Howick and, with the police, he began an investigation.

Several days later Howick got a telegram from Denver asking him to interview Miss Dora Frost, who had been brought to this city by "W. L. Clark." Investigation determined the fact that the Clark who had passed the bad check was the man who had brought the girl here.

Miss Frost finally was found. She said she had first met "Capt. Clark" in Denver on July 16. She told him she was a stenographer and was out of employment. He told her he was a captain in the United States army and was detailed to the "payroll department" of the war department and needed a secretary and that he would take her to Washington. He said she would have to put up \$100 bond for her position and agreed to make good \$100 of it.

Accordingly, Mrs. Martha Frost, mother of the girl, drew \$220 out of her bank in Denver, \$20 for the girl to have as spending money until she went to work in Washington, and the \$200 to be paid to "Capt. Clark."

Together Clark and Mrs. Frost left Denver. He proposed marriage to her, and she accepted. When they got to Chicago they went to a hotel and he registered as man and wife, promising to send for a clergyman and marry her then. He never married her.

From Chicago they went to Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, New York city and Boston, finally reaching Providence. By this time the \$200 which the girl had given him was exhausted. He took her out to Davisville to spend a day or so, but the next morning, after stopping at a cottage, the landlady insisted on pay for the room. He told her he was coming to the city to cash a check. He told Miss Frost good-bye, and she has not seen him since.

## LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN! MAKE CHEAP LOTION

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quart of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothening and beautifier.

Just try it! Make up a quart of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen, and bring out the hidden roses and beauty of any skin. It is wonderful for rough, red hands.

Your druggist will sell three ounces of orchard white at little cost, and any

**Weather  
Hot**

calls for suitable clothing.

You want to see the nice, "cool mohairs" and "tropical worsteds" that we have. You cannot be anything but cool in one of them. We also have thin summer serges and flannels.

**WOOD**

THE TAILOR

Maker of Quality Clothes

## HAMPTON BEACH

Week of August 13

Cottages to Rent \$1.00 to \$3.00 Per Day.

Groceries and Meat. AUTO STORAGE. ARMAS GUYON, Cor. Concord and River Ave.

MAKER'S LUNCH Ocean Ave. and Cor. C St. White Hampton Bath give us a Hot Coffee

Kelly's Lunch Room for a Good Shore Dinner

Salisbury Beach For Good Rooms \$6 and Up a Week.

THE SIX SOLARES The most wonderful serial act in the country.

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# NEW ARMY PLAN CALL FOR MORE THAN 2,000,000

**Complete Reorganization of National Army for  
Foreign Service Made Public—2,000 Graduate  
Officers to Go to France Soon**

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 16.—More than 2,000 graduates from the first series of officers' training camps have been assigned to go to France. They will receive intensive training there, and ultimately fill up the gap caused by promotions or casualties. The assignments are all from camps, and other assignments will be made later.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The complete plan of reorganization of the army is disclosed in general orders made public today prescribing the formation for all tactical units from divisions to companies. The composition of each division on the European standard is prescribed, and provision is made for organization of all additional troops into training battalions of 612 men, to be used in any way found necessary.

The new regulations for the reorganization of the army will call for an army of 2,000,000 men.

Designation of divisions by number begins with the regular army division now in France, which already has been reorganized on the basis of 10,000 men and additional battalions of attached troops. That is the first division, United States Army. Other regular divisions are numbered up to and including the 25th. This does not mean that 25 regular divisions are to be created immediately, but that the numbers from one to twenty-five, inclusive, have been reserved for the regulars.

**Numbers For Divisions.**  
National guard divisions will be numbered from the 26th to the 76th, inclusive. National army divisions will number from 76.

Today's order provides the organization of 16 national army divisions, designated from the 76th to the 91st, inclusive, and succeeding divisions will

be numbered in order after them.

All divisions provided for will be infantry divisions, composed of division headquarters detachment; one machine gun battalion of four companies; two infantry brigades of two regiments, and a machine gun battalion of three companies each; one field artillery brigade of three regiments and a French mortar battery each; one engineer regiment; one field signal battalion; one headquarters train and military police; one ammunition train; one engineer train without pontoon and searchlight sections; one supply train; and one sanitary train of four field hospitals and four ambulance companies.

The companies will be completely reorganized and will be officered by six officers instead of three as has been the rule. The companies will consist of 212 men instead of 106 and will be divided into four platoons instead of two. They will be commanded by six officers, a lieutenant in command of each platoon, and two captains, a first lieutenant and a second captain. The lieutenants will be one first and three second lieutenants or equal rank.

Each army corps will consist of an army corps headquarters force and three infantry divisions supplemented by necessary attached troops to be designated as army corps troops. Each army will consist of an army headquarters, three or more army corps and such additional army troops as may be advisable.

The order directs that the national guard proceed to its training camps under its present divisional organization. It will be reorganized at the camps, however, on the new divisional basis and the excess troops formed into training battalions, with a brigadier general in command of the group of training battalions at each camp.

## BRITISH LAWYERS TO HELP ALONG PERMANENT PEACE

(By Associated Press)

London, Aug. 16.—Desire to assist in formulating "a practicable plan, in accordance with the principles of the League of Nations, to maintain international peace and justice after the war," was expressed in a resolution adopted by a conference of lawyers recently held here.

Lord Pemberton in his opening address said he would like to see the question directly considered as to which of the nations at war are prepared to adopt some common international arrangement in order to prevent as far as possible any recurrence of such a war as the present one. This, he said, would be a fairly effective test of the real position.

Baron Buckmaster of Chesham, formerly Lord High Chancellor, and it was exactly three years ago since Austria delivered the ultimatum to Serbia which had led to the conflagration in which the world was being fast consumed. It arose out of a murder which was easily susceptible of adjustment by a body of fair minded men.

Yet that one murder had cost the lives of millions, and millions more would yet be led to the sacrifice. Out of this welter of strife, in which no single point of agreement seemed capable of being reached, there was one point, he said, on which all were agreed, and that was when this war ended we must make conditions which would prevent it ever recurring.

If any power imagined this security could be gained by crushing its adversaries, it was doomed to pitiful failure. The peoples, he said, would universally accept the idea of a League of Nations.

Lord Shaw expressed the opinion that armaments beyond those necessary for the maintenance of order within the State and for the National guard, towards the international force should be an offence against the executive power of the League.

Other speakers discussed the machinery of an international tribunal which should have authority to decide international questions, and to enforce its decisions.

Sir Walter Phillimore hoped there would be a Geneva Convention or a Hague conference on a much larger and better scale and that a League would be formed in which every nation that was a party to the treaty would at least have the opportunity of joining, and to which those few nations not necessarily parties to the treaty might accede.

### LATEST STYLE IN WATER- MELONS

Washington, D. C., Aug. 17.—Don't refuse to buy a watermelon just because the stem looks as if it had been debbed with a bluish starch paste, is

the advice of the United States Department of Agriculture is giving to housewives. Even if the melon is somewhat smeared with the same substance its contents are not affected. Painting the stems of watermelons with a paste made out of bluestone and starch is Uncle Sam's latest agricultural style. This treatment prevents stem-end rot of watermelons which in the past has caused vast losses in this fruit in transit to market. The little dab of starch, paste or possibly of Bordeaux paste, therefore, is to be taken rather as evidence that the shipper wished to make sure that the melons reached market free from this rot. Some growers in a hurry, smear some of this paste on the outside rind of the melon but this does no damage beyond lessening its attractive appearance.

## JELlicoe NOT IN FAVOR OF FORCING BATTLE

(From the London Times.)

London, Aug. 16.—Colonel Jellicoe has been paying a visit to the fleet to find out whether the naval strategy adopted had the approval of our best fighting seamen. He says: "My opinion is that the war efficiency of the grand fleet is 100 per cent higher than at time of the declaration of war, fifty per cent higher than when the Jutland battle was fought. I write of the grand fleet not of squadrons of patrols and flotillas of mine sweepers or the other special craft which carry on the minor operations of war. We all know to our cost, that ships and plant necessary to winning successfully the minor terms of war, were and are still most inadequate to our purpose. Great has been the task of those who with inadequate means have endeavored to carry out their mission. Heavy is the responsibility of those in London whose want of foresight is the primary reason of the losses our maritime trade has suffered. But it has been want of foresight, not congenial ability to find the antidote for the battle that has hampered us. With our immense resources joined to those of our allies we shall in time wear the enemy down even under the sea. Meanwhile his expectation that want of food and raw material would compel us to make peace is shown by experience to be completely fallacious. But no needless risks must be run with the grand fleet. Although the Allies are immensely superior to the Central Powers in aggregate naval strength, the number of British battleship units is not so superior to the German number that we can afford to indulge in any spectacular follies. I never had any doubt that the general lines of our naval strategy were correct. I fortified this belief by my visit to the fleet. The German high seas fleet since the battle of Jutland has not found the conditions favorable for engaging. Certainly the enemy may yet fight and our fleet is disposed in expectation that he will do so. No other expectation is legitimate to entertain. The enemy if he comes, will fight with his whole force, submarines included. Some units of ours will at such moment be normally under repair. Therefore the Grand fleet has been ready to tackle him and make humanity sure of victory. Under the conditions specified it is ready to steam out and fight at any moment, any day or night the enemy may select. This is an advantage which the enemy cannot at present be deprived of but it is nothing new in naval annals.

## SHEDS LIGHT ON MEXICO IN HIS NEW BOOK

"Seventeen million people on the richest mineral territory of the world that can grow anything in the world and produce food in abundance every month of the year use contrivances for currency," says C. W. Barron in his new book, "The Mexican Problem." Mr. Barron has recently made a trip through Mexico and a close personal investigation of all the warring factors and elements in that troubled country. He finds the essential Mexican problem to be a business problem, business with a big "B," and he proposes a business solution.

In his book he treats of the business and political situation of the sister Republic in an interesting manner. Mr. Barron, publisher and editor of the "Boston News Bureau," is probably the greatest student of finance and economics in the United States and his opinions on financial and economic matters are gladly received by official Washington, as well as the stock market operators throughout the country.

## HEAVY FINES FOR ROBBING GUM MACHINE

Earl Joyce, Harry Mace and Albert Pettz, three young recruits in the marine corps lately sent to the Portsmouth Navy Yard guard, were found guilty of larceny in municipal court Thursday afternoon before Judge Gup-III, and a fine of \$50.00 and costs of \$9.00 was imposed in each case. Up to midnight none of the fines had been paid and the three were being held at the police station.

## VICTIM OF A RAZOR FIGHT AT HOSPITAL

Frank Costello, colored, was brought to the Portsmouth Hospital early this morning more or less badly cut about the head and face as the result of a three-cornered razor fight in which his wife and Sadie Campbell, also colored, engaged in after their return to the cottage at North Rye Beach where they are employed as domestic servants, and the two women were brought to the city under arrest by Deputy Sheriff Wilbur E. Shaw and will be heard in court today.

It is understood that the three had been in Portsmouth for the evening, and on their return to the cottage an argument was started which resulted in the drawing of razors. Mrs. Costello informed her employer of the scrap but Costello was badly cut before anyone could interfere. A physician was called to attend the injured man and a call was sent by telephone to the local police station. Captain Burke notified Deputy Sheriff who immediately went to the summer colony to straighten out the trouble. The direct cause of the trouble or the nature of the discussion could not be learned as only the principles were present when the action started.

## U. S. WOUNDED SENT ACROSS THE CHANNEL

London, Aug. 16.—The Daily News says wounded American soldiers from the western front have just arrived at the hospital at Bath, Eng.

Dispatches from the American training camp in France last night said all the American forces in France were reviewed yesterday, indicating that the entire body was still in training. The American military authorities have made elaborate preparations for treatment of the wounded, who ordinarily would not be transported to England. The report of the London newspaper may refer to wounded Americans serving with the British armies of whom there are several thousands.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Neither the war nor the navy department had any confirmation of a disaster to American troops in France. Answering a report that wounded Americans had been transferred to an English hospital, both departments said they had received nothing of any form of trouble for the Americans, but promised to make such news public as soon as it arrives, if not incompatible with the military situation.

## NEW OFFICERS TO BE SENT TO FRANCE

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 16.—From the 2700 graduates of the officers' training camps who have been commissioned at least 2000 will be immediately selected to leave for France within a short time for a period of intensive training to serve under General Pershing.

It is planned to establish special American training camps for officers behind the battle fronts and some of the officers will be sent to schools for training under British and French officers.

## FOIL PLOT TO PUT CZAR ON THRONE

Petrograd, Aug. 16.—A counter-revolutionary plot, having for its object the restoration of the Czar to the throne, was discovered and scotched, it was learned today in connection with the deportation of the former Czar, Nicholas and their family to Siberia.

The Bourse Gazette asserts positively that the former Czar is now en route to Siberia. The revolutionary plot that was unearthed is believed to have included a plan to attempt to release Nicholas from Tsarke-Selo Palace.

## ALLIES CHEERED BY OPTIMISM OF LLOYD-GEORGE

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 16.—Premier Lloyd-George's optimistic address delivered today in Parliament and copies of which were received by the state department by cable immediately after while the entente diplomats and the American officials were discussing the terms of Pope Benedict's peace proposals caused the greatest joy to all. News that England could not be starved into submission by the submarine warfare of Germany because of her great increase in grain and other food products indicates that England will not readily consent to a discussion of

## "OUR GROCER TOLD ME"

After folks taste  
Post Toasties  
they don't like  
common corn flakes

peace terms with Germany at this time unless the proposal comes from Germany and is vastly different from those named in the Pope's proposals. Lloyd-George's assertion that the U-boat activities were showing a decided falling off in loss of tonnage for the past six months and giving assurance that Great Britain has sufficient number of ships to carry on her trading through 1918 and 1919 without the addition of the ships under construction was hailed with joy by the entente diplomats.

## NAVY FACING TROUBLE WITH UNION LABOR

New York, Aug. 16.—Unless the Navy Department exerts itself to bring a speedy settlement, the machinists and metal workers' strike that has been in progress since July 2 in shipyards of this vicinity, will be extended to all shipyards in the country, according to a statement issued at the headquarters of the Machinists' International Association. Labor leaders assert there now are on strike in this city about \$800 shipbuilders, while about 5000 men have gained their demand of \$4.50 a day. The unions are anxious to get a general increase in all plants and navy yards.

Petition to call strikes in Wilmington, Del., and Chester, Pa., was asked today of the metal trades department of the American Federation of Labor in Washington. In the New York Navy Yard today it was reported a number of men walked out owing to a delay in receiving their wages. Navy Yard officials denied knowledge of any strike, but admitted there had been slight delay in paying the men.

## GRAVE MENACE RECOGNIZED BY OFFICIALS

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 16.—(Grave menace to the industries of the nation which must be speeded up if the war conditions are to be successfully met is recognized by United States government officials in the threats of the International Workers of the World to call strikes, create lockouts and make other general industrial disturbances in the industries and fields of the Pacific Coast and the northwest unless their demands are granted. The threat of such damage to the farming industries covers practically one-seventh of the country.

## FOUR MILLION GERMANS LOST DURING WAR

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 16.—From the 2700 graduates of the officers' training camps who have been commissioned at least 2000 will be immediately selected to leave for France within a short time for a period of intensive training to serve under General Pershing.

## ASK THAT COAL CONDITIONS BE INVESTIGATED

(By Associated Press)

London, Aug. 16.—German casualties for July as announced by the official German casualties list, but not necessarily all occurring in the month of July, total 95,561 of which 21,359 were killed or died from wounds or sickness contracted in the fields. This brings the total German casualties according to the official reports, up to 4,600,000 since the war began.

## U. S. NAVIGATION SCHOOL

(By Associated Press)

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 16.—Representatives of thirteen states, members of the several state's Council of National Defense passed resolutions today asking the government to investigate immediately the coal situation with the view of lowering the price and improving transportation facilities for distribution by railroads. A copy of the resolution was forwarded to President Wilson by the meeting.

Boston, Aug. 16.—The United States shipping board recruiting service announced at the custom house today that it had been decided to start a government school for navigation at Seaside, to cover the field from Hingham to Plymouth, if sufficient candidates apply for instruction. It was also decided to establish such schools at Port



## WOMAN'S EMANCIPATION

There is not a woman anywhere to-day who would be without a

**Western Electric  
Washer and Wringer**

If she only knew the freedom from the wash-day drudgery it would bring to her.

We want you to come today and see this new machine—we want you to examine it—every detail, inside and outside.

You will find it an innovation. You simply put in the clothes and start the motor and in 10 to 15 minutes the clothes are washed beautifully white and clean with not a thread of the finest laces broken.

The clothes will last six times longer than when rubbed on the board. The heaviest woolen blankets, finest lace curtains, daintiest laces and lingerie are all the same on a Western Electric. It washes them perfectly and without the slightest injury.

Connect to any electric lamp socket.

We will send it to your home for 15 days' free trial.

**ROCKINGHAM COUNTY  
LIGHT & POWER CO.**

land and Astoria in Oregon at Seattle, San Diego, San Pedro and San Francisco in California.

**TO OPEN BALL ROOM HERE.**

Prof. Anderson, the well known teacher of dancing at York Harbor, Boston, Lynn and Salem, has taken the Portsmouth Yacht Club ball room for a school in modern dancing. He has a wide circle of friends and by many he is considered the most proficient teacher in the country. He has been coming along the N. B. coast in his pleasure yacht for the past six weeks. He intends to make his headquarters here for the present.

## FREE TO THE SICK

## DR. GRADY

For years I have been treating all forms of chronic, longstanding, obscure and difficult diseases. By a method original with me and peculiarly my own I have successfully treated cases in which others have failed. My cured cases that have been given up by incurable by other specialists and reputable physicians. This method consists of a systematic application of the true elements of Psychology, healing in combination with the rational methods of Medicine and Surgery as practiced by me, and which I claim to be the true and natural manner of applying the healing art. In my use of this mode of treatment and application of it to this class of disease I claim originally, although my universal success has led to many imitations. The barbarous, unnatural and unnecessary operations, the harsh and painful treatments, the needless exposure in examinations, and the old methods used by the ordinary practitioner are all done away with. This treatment is at once scientific, sensible and progressive, safe in its application and positive in its results. Although we treat all forms of chronic, longstanding, obscure and difficult diseases, and cures many so-called incurable cases, he wishes it thoroughly understood that if, after a careful examination of your case, he is in doubt as to the curability of it, he will frankly tell you so, and he reserves the right to reject any and all cases.

## All Diseases and Deformities Treated

**CATARHUS CURED**—Consumption in the throat, lungs, bronchitis, asthma, rheumatism, diabetes, the nose, throat, lungs, stomach, liver, kidneys, scrofula, sores, ulcers and all chronic blood troubles, eczema, psoriasis, pimples, blotches and all skin troubles treated and cured.

**DISEASES OF MEN** and weakness arising from indiscretions, excesses, overwork, etc., causing weak or failing memory, lost vitality, pimples, impure blood, failing hair, etc. Sufferers call at once. By his improved methods and remedies such sufferers are guaranteed immediate relief and a perfect cure.

**CANCERS**—Malignant tumors and growths, all enlargements and glandular swellings removed and cured without the use of a knife. No pain. No scars. What disease you are suffering from or how long standing, no matter how many physicians have failed to cure you, call on him. It will cure you nothing and you may profit by it.

**Are You Sick? Are You Suffering? If So, Call on Him!**

Not only will you be surprised at his wonderful knowledge of diseases, his plain, logical explanation of every cause and effect, but at the marvelous rapidity of his new course of RATIONAL treatment, which goes to the very seat of the trouble, giving instant relief and, in all cases, that have not progressed too far, A PERFECT AND PERMANENT CURE. No person should doctor any further or take any more medicine before consulting Dr. Grady.

## COMING

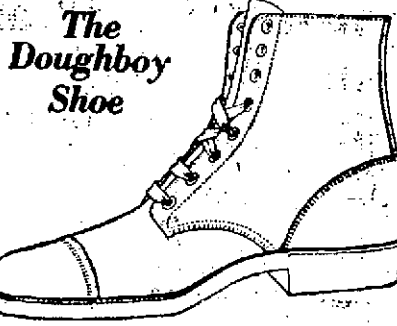
Dr. Grady, the eminent and successful chronic disease specialist, begs to inform the inhabitants of this neighborhood that in consequence of the many applications made to him by various parties here and the suburbs, he has consented to come for one day only. He has made arrangements for those who wish to consult him and will visit by special request.

**Portsmouth, Monday, Aug. 20  
Kearsage House**

Consultations and Examinations Free

## The Doughboy Shoe

Invented by  
Major H. D.  
Corbusier, medical Reserve  
Corps, U. S.  
Army.



A shoe for the hiker, the soldier, and for all out-doors, hard as nails and comfortable as moccasins. Supports, strengthens, sustains, comforts and protects.

**\$11.50.**

**N. H. BEANE & CO.,**  
5 Congress Street 22 High Street

# The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted, by The Herald Publishing Company.

TERMS—\$4.00 a year when paid in advance; 10 cents a month; 1 cent per copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.

Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

Editorial 28 Business 37



Portsmouth, N. H., Friday, August 17, 1917.

## All Hoping for Better Things.

The country is very hopeful that the food control law will afford the relief which is so greatly needed. This is not relief from conditions that are inseparable from a state of war, for that is impossible until the war ends. What is demanded and what the people are entitled to is relief from the extortion that has been so mercilessly practiced for a long time by manipulators and speculators who have crowded the price of foods beyond the bounds of necessity and decency and subjected the people to wrongs and hardships as aggravating and wicked as highway robbery.

The food control law is designed to correct this evil. It may be too soon to say that it will do this completely, but there is reason to hope for a better state of things. Herbert C. Hoover, the man charged with the enforcement of the law, has had a large and valuable experience in Belgium in connection with food matters. He is a man of ability and character. He is a man in whom the president and the people have the fullest confidence. It is a great compliment to him that during all the agitation in connection with this important step his fitness for the position of food controller has never been questioned in any quarter.

And now Mr. Hoover is in control of the machinery that has been created by Congress for the purpose of eliminating the extortionate practices which have so long been in vogue. The machinery is not yet in motion, but it soon will be, and if it works according to expectations there will shortly be a different state of things. Not that food will be cheap. That is not to be expected until the war ends and the world is restored to something approaching normal conditions, but many kinds of food will be cheaper than they have been. Farmers will fare as well as they have in the past and consumers will fare better. The wings of the middleman will be clipped. He will still be able to make an honest living, but will not be permitted to fly as high as he has been flying in his endeavors to get rich quickly at the expense of the people.

The fact that this system of regulation will apply to fuel as well as to food is cheering. For a long time the coal barons and those who handle their products have had everything their own way and the people have been robbed right and left on one of the prime necessities of life. If the new law works as it is expected to work this abuse will be brought to an end. The people are willing to pay reasonable prices for what they need, but they are tired of being told to "stand and deliver." For this reason they welcome the attempt to relieve an extremely burdensome situation, and earnestly hope the law designed for this purpose will fulfill all expectations.

## Navy League Made a Bad Mistake.

The officers of the Navy League are in mighty poor business when they direct an attack against the honesty and efficiency of the navy at this time. Secretary of the Navy Daniels is sincere and honest in his management of the navy. His policy may not be in accordance with Republican ideas, but it can not be denied but that he has been most successful in the handling of more gigantic propositions in the last few years than has confronted all of his predecessors. President Thompson of the Navy League has in his last attack defeated further usefulness of that society with the navy department, and if he desires and his colleagues desire to maintain the organization, they must get together and change the present official heads. There has been a strong suspicion for some time that certain officers of the navy league have been bent upon destruction rather than construction in their effort towards the navy. The letter of Secretary Daniels to Mr. Thompson filled the occasion and was deserved.

The American troops are warned that their first real taste of war with Germany will come in the form of the poison gases used by the kaiser's forces. But gas masks have been so perfected that there is little actual danger from this source, and the Sammies will return the compliment with something more substantial than gas.

The government has placed orders in New England for 550,000 pairs of army shoes. Most of these will be made in Massachusetts, but two Manchester shoe factories get a part of the work and will be very busy until the contract is filled.

Figures from the United States treasury show that the per capita circulation of money in this country today is \$46.53. And many of us are fixed in a way to realize that some people must have much more than their per capita share.

The price of cotton is now the highest it has been in 47 years. The South is reaping its share of the war prosperity, and it is no longer necessary to beseech people to "buy a bale."

As between civil war and war with Germany, China seems just now to favor the latter.

## From the Exchanges

Who Are the Women Slackers?

(From the New York Commercial.) Since the beginning of time women have loved brave men. In the words of the old song, "None but the brave deserve the fair." The brave man fought for his woman and the man who ruled the world still do so. The literature of all ages is filled with tales of valor rewarded by the favors of fair women. This instinctive admiration for strength and courage has made the human race what it is.

In New York city the Marriage License Bureau has been crowded for weeks with weaklings of both sexes desirous of entering the state of matrimony so that the men may escape military service by hiding behind the petticoats of their brides. These contemptible slackers do not dream of winning the love of women by brave deeds and these women do not send their men forth to war in the good old way. Such people may succeed in life as long as some brave men survive to protect the rest, but the whole race will be subjugated by a stronger one when towards preeminence. The Chinese are not cowards, but they ceased to be soldiers centuries ago, and they must learn the art of war before they can fully enjoy the blessings of peace and liberty.

What is the natural and proper attitude of women towards this war and the men who fight that women may be saved from the outrages inflicted upon their sisters in Belgium and Northern France? Here is the answer of one of the greatest of the women of our day, Olive Schreiner, who thus describes the "new" woman:

"We are not new! If you would understand us, go back two thousand years and study our descent; our breed is our explanation. We are the daughters of our fathers as well as our mothers. In our dreams we still hear the clash of the shields of our forebears as they struck them together before battle and raised the shout of 'Freedom!' In our dreams it is with us still, and when we wake it breaks from our own lips. We are the daughters of these men."

That is the attitude of the mothers of free men. The miserable little creatures who crowd into the Municipal Building to save worthless men from going to war and put a premium on cowardice and treason are not real women. The man who hides behind a woman will live on a woman if he gets a chance. Ask the police who are these slackers of military service, and they will tell you that from their ranks are recruited the "white slaves" and the "white slaves" of organized vice. They display cowardice that is one of the signs of perversion.

The evil does not end with refusal to fight. These perverts contaminate and destroy the young soldiers and sailors across whose path they throw themselves. The scum of New York's slums of iniquity has been churned to the surface around City Hall Park by the drums of war and the stench sticks these who behold it.

It is reassuring to know that very few of these slackers are Americans. American boys still love adventure and dream of defending women instead of using them as shields. American women still give their loved ones to their country with Spartan fortitude. As for the slackers, military service in contact with real men might regenerate some of them.

## The Lost Youth.

(From the Greenville News.) The great tragedy of this war, as of all wars, is that its terrible toll falls heaviest on the flower of manhood, the young men just crossing the threshold into man's estate. Legions unnumbered of these have fallen without fear but with useless fame under the tricolor of France and the flag of England. If war reaped its harvest among the old, its pathos would not be so deep, but it is youth, youth that must be served—and must serve—and must die.

## Draft 'Em, Quick!

(From the Lewiston Journal.) Millions with the gun are bagging rodents by the hundreds in Evergreen Cemetery, Portland. Now there is as fine an opportunity for Italian shipshooters "somewhere in Italy" as there is for American boys "somewhere in France." Might as well be shooting boobies as birds.

## What the Food Bill Means

(From the Charlotte Observer.) Food Commissioner Hoover states the case clearly and concisely when he says that "the food administration is called into being to stabilize and not to disturb" conditions. Furthermore, that "it will defend honest enterprises against illegitimate competition," and the law will be justified on that score, if on no other. The further endeavor of Commissioner Hoover will be to correct "the abnormalities and abuses that have crept into trade by reason of the work disturbance and to restore business as far as may be to a reasonable basis." And it was against giving the Government power to bring about these beneficent results that three Democrats and four Republicans, who have gained the classification of "Pottsdammers of the Senate," exerted their influence and applied their votes—seven Pottsdammers who may reasonably be included in the catalogue of friends of Germany.

## Tell It Loud and Hard.

(From the Buffalo Express.) We hope someone will tell Senator La Follette what the war is for and what about it in his ear, so he cannot help but hear. The great difficulty

about telling any of these people what the war is for is to get them to listen. If they had not all been so wrapped up in talking themselves that they could not possibly hear anyone else, they would have understood what the war is for the very first time President Wilson told them. But if they insist on being told again, let them be told and told plainly. Senator King of Utah made a good start toward doing this with his resolution which followed La Follette's. But a shorter answer might penetrate more easily the skulls of those who are asking the questions. Tell them the purpose of the war is to whip Germany, to destroy forever the political power whose standards of civilization and morality are represented by the Lusitania, the Sussex and the Belgian Prince. Then let La Follette and his associates avow, if they dare, that they wish to keep that sort of civilization alive in the world.

## Not a Cheap Country.

(From the Kansas City Journal.) The fact that the American public is no longer eating cheap food doesn't mean that it is becoming aristocratic in its habits. There is no such thing as cheap food.

Represents the Hohenzollerns. (From the Pittsburgh Gazette Times.) La Follette's resolution shows that though Germany has no embassy in the United States, its interests here are being well looked after.

## IN MEMORY

By Ann Wentworth Smart.

I watched beside your pillow three years ago today, gently touching your eyelids, brushing your tears away. The awning softly rippled, shading the sunlight's glare. Yet sun-glints formed a halo on your snow-white hair.

I knelt beside your pillow, three years ago tonight, while open were the windows and dim the fading light. The scent of garden blossoms stole sweetly through the air; the gentle breeze of sundown ruffled your silvered hair.

I prayed beside your pillow, as deeper twilight fell, timing the faint pulsations which Death's swift flight foretold. Asking God, in His mercy, to send me strength to bear. The long, lone days of heartache, the empty morris chair.

Only the crickets answered; the rogn grew very still—My heart the only heartbeat, my prayer—"Teach me Thy will." Then from your pallid forehead, resting so calmly fair, I cut a snow-white ringer from your beautiful hair.

August 19. I left you by the ocean, three years ago today. The quietude of evening about you where you lay. The deep-sea note made music on each returning wave. The lush of August grasses cradled your new made grave.

The white-winged seagulls flitted across the western sky; the tiny sandpeeps uttered their plaintive evening cry. Soft fleecy clouds ascended, forming a diadem.

While voices, from the spruce trees, sang for your Requiem. (Copyright 1917)

## WEARY OF MAKING DECLARATIONS

Stockholm, August 17.—John Erson, a farmer of Njutanger, grew so weary of making out the various declarations required by the authorities concerning stocks of cereals, bread, sugar, potatoes, etc., that he hanged himself in final culmination of weariness and exasperation.

## MAINE NEWS.

It is said that prospects are favorable to a crop of 22,000,000 bushels of potatoes this year in Aroostook, Me., or 2,600,000 bushels more than last year's yield. At a dollar a bushel that sum will be about enough to buy a silver for every man, woman and child in the county.

The Maine shipbuilding committee appointed by Gov. Milliken last May wooden ships as a part of the National shipbuilding program has finished its work. As a direct result of the work of the committee, shipping of the approximate value of \$3,000,000 will be built in Maine, and ships to the value of \$1,500,000 are now actually being constructed. Each of the vessels will cost \$300,000, without machinery.

The New Hampshire Public Service Commission has ordered a suspension of the proposed six-cent fare increase July 20 by the Dover, Sanford, North and Rochester Street railway; the rates to become effective August 20 (until November 1, in order that the propriety of the increase and the lawfulness of the rates may be established.

Don't neglect an opportunity to help some American boy in the trenches get an occasional smoke. Your two bits may go to some of our own boys.

## HOME-READING COURSE FOR CITIZEN-SOLDIERS

Lesson No. 5.

### First Days in Camp.

When the time comes for you to enter the army you will be instructed to report at some convenient place in your own neighborhood. The exact instructions will be given later. As quickly thereafter as proper arrangements can be made, you and the other men who are assigned to report to the same officer will be transported to the training camp (or cantonment, as it is sometimes called).

There will be nearly forty thousand men in each cantonment. The task of preparing for your arrival is enormous. Each cantonment will require 25,000,000 feet of lumber, 7,500 doors, 37,000 window sashes, 4,665 casks of Portland cement, and 5,000 yards of broken stone. The water supply of a cantonment will be 2,500,000 gallons a day. It will have its own sewerage system, fire department, bakeries, ice plants, and hospitals. It will even require a gigantic steam-heating plant. Sixteen cities, each with a population of 10,000, well cared-for—that is the task.

In spite of the best efforts, it is possible that some of the details may remain unfinished at the beginning of your camp life. There will be a certain amount of bustle and apparent confusion on the surface. But, in mind that underneath it all, lies, a well-thought-out plan. In working out this plan everything possible has been done for the comfort and convenience of the individual soldiers. Don't murmur if you run into some temporary delays or inconveniences at the beginning. One of the tests of a good soldier is his cheerful willingness to take things as they are and make the best of them.

You are naturally interested in forming some idea of the camp life of a soldier. The description which follows will help you in forming this idea. However, there will be many changes as you go along in your training.

As the men in the National Army must get ready in record-breaking time, their training will be more strenuous than that of the soldiers in peace. You will find there is plenty of hard work ahead of you. The average energetic young American will be glad of it.

The soldier awakes for the day usually at about six o'clock a little earlier in the summer and a little later in the winter. The buglers sound the call known as reveille. The men dress and fall in.

Your first experience of military drill will probably consist of "setting-up exercises," which ordinarily occupy the first few minutes of the day. They consist of certain movements of the head, arms, trunk and legs which are carefully designed not merely to develop your muscles but also to increase your skill, grace, self-control and self-reliance. At the same time they will also put you into the right frame of mind for a vigorous day's work.

In the mornings when the bugle rings out the reveille, and you emerge out of your bunk reluctantly, possibly tired and sore from the previous day's work you will find yourself wonderfully refreshed and cheered up by a few minutes vigorous setting-up exercises. Watch their effect on yourself and you will see why they are so highly regarded by the most experienced soldiers of the army. It will be only a short time until you look upon the early morning setting-up drill as one of the pleasantest features of your day.

Then comes "washing up" and breakfast. Usually breakfast is followed by a half-hour for cleaning the barracks and bunks and putting clothing and bedding in order. Frequently the company commander will inspect the barracks immediately afterwards to make sure that every man has attended to his part of the work. Then there is often some time which the trained soldier uses for attending to his personal needs, tidying up his clothing and the like.

The remaining two or three hours of the morning are likely to be spent in drill—at first in "close order" and later in "extended order" also. These terms will be explained in another part of this course. As you advance the drills will become more and more interesting. During the drill there are numerous short periods of rest.

In most camps guards mounting comes about noon. This consists of relieving the men who have been guarding the camp and turning over this duty to new men. Each soldier mounts guard not often than once a week. After guard mounting the day goes to dinner, which comes at twelve o'clock. At least one hour is always allowed for dinner and rest.

During the afternoons the work is likely to be varied and to include additional setting-up exercises and other drills, target practice, bayonet exercises, and later more advanced drilling. About five o'clock comes the evening parade and "retreat," when the flag is lowered or furled for the Spangled Banner, while all officers and soldiers stand at attention. The ceremony is designed to deepen each man's respect and love for the flag

which he serves; it is always impressive. After the flag is lowered, it is carefully lowered and escorted by the guard to headquarters, where it is kept until the next morning, when it is again raised.

Supper comes between five and six o'clock, and is usually followed by a period of rest. In the training camps there will be many opportunities for a variety of healthful amusements—for sports, music, the theatre, and so on, as later described. Taps are sounded by ten o'clock. This is the signal to put out all lights, retire and keep quiet. It closes the day for the soldier and sends him to his blankets a tired and sleepy man.

This is only a sample of a day in camp. On some days your company will go off on "hikes." After a hike there may be long marches, when you will carry your shelter tents with you and will make your own camp each evening. These are the days that will be especially interesting. You will learn the soldier's art of adapting yourself to new situations and making yourself comfortable.

Your officers will ask you to do not yourself comfortable. They will ask nothing of you which any normal, healthy man cannot do. After a month or two of this training you will find that you have begun to take on some of the skill and the self-reliance of a real soldier.

## NAVY NOTES

### For Promotion

Commander Charles L. Hussey, U. S. N., of Rochester, N. H., has been recommended for promotion to permanent rank of captain. Also Commander Luke McNamara, formerly stationed at the local yard, as "engineer officer."

### More Recommendations

Ident. Commanders recommended for promotion to permanent rank of commander (23)—Henry Crosby, Austin William Pigott Cronan, William Benfield Wells, Paul Dater Dungan, extra numbers; Henry Herbert Royall, William Randall Sayles, Jr., Kenneth Callahan Castleman, extra number; Frank Taylor Evans, Daniel Pratt Mamie Wilbert Smith, Harry Kimball Cagle, Ward Kenneth Workman, Hayne Ellis, Frank Dunn Gordon, Paul Foley, Edwin Monroe Dodd, Charles Russell Pratt, Hugo Wilson Osterhaus, Charles Penabody Hart, Louis James Connolly, Ernest Joseph King, Byron Andrew Long, Alfred Graham Howe.

### Temporary Promotions

The following temporary promotions are also recommended: Captains recommended for promotion to temporary rank of rear admiral (6)—Albert Parker, Nthlack, John Adrian Hoogewerf, William Bartlett Metcher, Marbury Johnson and Edwin Alexander Anderson, extra number.

### A Big Increase

Over 600 men were given employment at the Charlestown navy yard last week.

### Ordered to Sea Duty

Assistant Paymaster Ambrose J. Barnum, for the past year or more stationed in the supply department at the Portsmouth Navy Yard, has been detached and ordered to sea duty. Mr. Barnum has made hosts of warm friends since he was assigned to the local naval station who not only extend congratulations on his recent promotion to the pay corps, but express their best wishes for his success in the new field of labor for Uncle Sam.

## TOWN OF JAFFA IS VIRTUALLY IN RUINS

(By Associated Press.)

New York, August 17.—The town of Jaffa in Palestine, formerly the port of Jerusalem, virtually is in ruins, according to information received from Cairo, Egypt, by the American committee for Armenian and Syrian relief. Jaffa was set on fire by the Turks and burned after many buildings were dynamited, says the message received by the committee, which adds that of the villages and hamlets within twelve miles of Jaffa nothing remains but heaps of ruins and ashes. From a line extending three miles north of Jaffa to the Judean mountains not an inhabitant remains nor a dwelling, says the message. "All government records have been taken to Damascus and Nablus. The people who were spared from massacre were exiled to Hebron."

Jaffa formerly had a population estimated at 40,000. It contained several mosques, churches and convents, a bazaar, hospitals, hotels and fine gardens. It is connected with Jerusalem by a railway line 50 miles long.

Plenty of work for mechanics at the navy yard.

## TO DRIVE VICE FROM ALL THE ARMY CAMPS

Secretary Baker Says He Will Remove Soldiers if Stern Measures Are Not Used.

Washington, August 17.—Secretary Baker has written an identical letter to the mayors of all cities and small towns in the neighborhood of national army cantonments and national guard camps and to the sheriffs of the counties in which or near which these camps are located, urging the most possible suppression of vice. In his letters to the mayors and to the sheriffs Secretary Baker warns them that unless there is such suppression the troops may be moved to other points; he urges that all dances, even if more than five miles from the camps, should be abolished. Secretary Baker's letter follows:

"War Department, Washington, Aug. 4, 1917. "My dear sir:—In anticipation of the military training camp soon to be opened in your neighborhood, I am sending herewith a copy of the regulations recently issued on the question of the suppression of prostitution and the sale of alcohol to soldiers in uniform within a given radius of military posts and camps. These regulations which are based on sections 32 and 13 of the recent army law, do not believe, need comment, and I am confident that their enforcement will help create a wholesome environment about the military camps.

"The regulations do not in any way lessen the necessity for police vigilance on the part of local authorities. The presence of large bodies of troops among whom it is to preserve local order, and I am confident that the war department can rely on you to the utmost to see that the regulations are rigidly enforced.

"In the second place, while we have fixed a five-mile radius about the camp, a which prostitution is strictly to be out down, the war department will not tolerate evil resorts of any kind within this five-mile zone. It places a bad reputation upon outside the camp, it shall not hesitate to insist upon their elimination. At the same time if the zone is drawn within two miles, there is danger that the number of soldiers required to police it will be beyond the ability of the unfortunates ready to furnish. In such a case, therefore, it might be easier and cheaper to move the camp to a more desirable locality, provided of course, that clean conditions could not be secured through any other course.

Finally, let me say that the war department will not tolerate the existence of any restricted within an effective radius of the camp. Experience has proved that such districts in the vicinity of army camps, no matter how conducted are inevitably attended by unhappy consequences. The only practical policy which presents itself in regard to this problem is the policy of absolute repression and I am confident that in taking this course the war department has placed itself in line with the best thought and practice which modern police experience has developed.

"I have appointed a commission on training camp activities to advise with me on matters of this kind, and through this commission I shall keep constantly in touch with conditions about all our army camps. Very truly yours,

"Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War."

## REPORTS FOR ENLISTMENT

David M. Osborne, son of Capt. Commander Thomas M. Osborne, commanding the naval prison here, has reported for enlistment in the First Maine Infantry at Brunswick.

## DR. GOODALL'S SPECIAL "AD"

FOR SALE at his office over Grace's Drug Store, four fine old oil paintings, one by an eminent Dutch painter; one by Goodall, English artist; and three several fine engravings and lithographs, also one fine Madonna by Raphael, one Beatrice Di Cerec. All at fair prices.

Also a few rare old stick pins, rings and charms.

Dr. E. B. Goodall,

16 MARKET ST.

\$5.00

Buys a Special Automobile Accident Policy. Renewal rate \$5.00 annually.

FRED CARDNER, Globe Building.



**PORTSMOUTH FISH CO.**

TELEPHONE 760

Cod,

Haddock, Halibut,

Fresh Mackerel,

Oysters, Clams,

Salt Mackerel,

Salt Herring,

Smoked Herring,

Slack Salted Pollock and

Coddish.

AUTO DELIVERY.

**YORK BEACH FIREMEN WILL HOLD FIELD DAY**

York Beach, Aug. 17.—Saturday, with good weather, promises to be one of the biggest days York Beach has seen in years, when the Firemen's Annual Field Day takes place. A splendid program, given below, has been arranged, and there will be entertainment for everyone. The beach boys have worked hard to make the day one to be remembered and it undoubtedly will be. The program:

Fire department and automobile parade at 2 p. m. Cash prize for the best decorated auto. Entries for parade to be made at Frank H. Ellis' office before 6 p. m. Friday the 17th. Every one with an auto enter the parade and make it a big one.

Sports at 2:45 p. m.—100-Yd. dash, open, 2 prizes; 220-Yd. dash, open, 2 prizes.

3:15 p. m.—Burlesque ball game, between York Beach and York Village.

York Beach lineup: James Driscoll, Mr. McLean, H. Grant Duff, P. H. Ellis, Fred Frisbee, E. S. McQuesten, Austin McKowan, Willard Simpson, Mr. Cady, Frank Anderson, umpire.

York Village lineup: Arthur Rice, Jack Rice, Kenneth Lewis, Humphrey T. Nichols, Arthur J. Pierce, George F. Dreife, Al Kimball, Elmer Martin, Charles Straub, Eddie Sewall, Lawrence Hunsdell, Arthur Bragdon.

4:15 p. m.—Potato race, prize for winner; barrel race, prize for winner; wheelbarrow race, prize for winner; big event—who catches the greased pig for 9 iron boys? All entries to sports to be made at Frank H. Ellis' office before 6 p. m. Friday, Aug. 17.

4:45 p. m.—Horse laying contest between S. B. F. D. and Y. V. F. D.

Firemen's dance at the Gay White Way from 8 to 12. Prize dance at 10 o'clock. Full orchestra. Floor directors, James Ellis, Frank B. Anderson, Eddie Hawkes, Earl Baker, Frederick Webster, C. B. Howe, Jr., Donald Blake A. E. Newick, E. H. S. Baker.

Shooting link open all day. Proceeds for benefit of firemen.

Music furnished by York Village Fire Department Band and Dover Band.

**POLICE COURT**

Harry Bullard charged with assault on Fred Hurley was before Judge Cullen in the municipal court today. The case grew out of some argument on Water street on Thursday night in which Hurley was badly used up. During the argument on the sidewalk, Hurley charged that Bullard struck him because he attempted to prevent a man from spending his money and pleaded with him to go home. When Hurley was struck, his head went through the window of the saloon of Bond Constantino and was so badly cut that several stitches were required. The court sent Bullard up for 30 days with costs of court amounting to \$5.63.

Earl Joyce, Harry Mace and Albert Puffy, three of the national reserve marine corps volunteers who were fined \$20 and costs \$3.00 each on Thursday for larceny, were unable to connect with the necessary maximum and will work out the fine for 120 days or more at the county farm.

Adeline Yanno, a former resident of this city, but now of Boston, came down for the week-end and got into a row with Anna's mother, who lives in Portland, also got here about the same time. They got into a row in a house on Green street and Anna took a punch at her mother. The police caught Anna and the court ordered a sentence of 90 days at the county farm. The court gave Anna the choice of serving this sentence, or going to a home in Boston. She declined at first to go back to Boston, but later decided to go to the Massachusetts institution. On this agreement the court repeated the sentence.

**SMOKE****S. G. LONDRES****10c CIGAR**

Has No Equal.

**S. GRZYMSKI, Manufacturer**

Boston, Mass.

**ORDERS STILLS CLOSED SEPT. 8****Food Administration Fixes Date When Making of Liquor Must Cease.**

Washington, August 17.—The food administration made the important ruling yesterday that all processes in the production of distilled spirits for beverage purposes must stop on the night of Saturday, Sept. 8. Any effort to continue the law to permit the use of wheat, corn, rye and other materials which had been hoarded after that time, it was made plain, would be met with firm action.

It has been reported that some distillers have bought up tremendous supplies, especially in the corn market, in the hope that they would be permitted to make it into distilled spirits after the date set. The food administration has received a large number of inquiries along the line and as a result Mr. Hoover decided to put an end to any doubt that may have existed.

The drastic ruling has nothing to do with spirits in bond, which will be considered later by the White House and the food administration. As a result of the stand taken it is understood that a very great supply of corn and other foods which might have been turned into spirits will be diverted to other purposes because it will be physically impossible for the distillers to use all of the stocks in hand in the manufacture of spirits by September 8.

In settling the question the food administration made this formal announcement:

"All processes in the production of distilled spirits for beverage purposes, according to a ruling issued by the U. S. Food Administration today, must cease at 11 o'clock P. M. Saturday, Sept. 8.

"This limitation is placed by section 15 of the food control law, which reads:

"That from and after 30 days from the approval of this act no foams, taints, food materials or feeds shall be used in the production of distilled spirits for beverage purposes."

"This act was approved August 10. The 30-day period named will expire at midnight Sept. 9. As this date falls on Sunday, and as the internal revenue laws prevent the operation of distilleries after 11 o'clock at night on Saturday until the following Monday at 1 a. m., it was ruled by the food administration that the provisions of section 15 will become effective at 11 p. m. Saturday, Sept. 8.

"The law contemplates that all steps in the process of distillation shall cease at the point of time indicated. In the ruling, it was stated by the food administration. So far as the utilization of foods, fruits and food materials or feeds, in the production of distilled spirits for beverage purposes is concerned, the act should be construed as to inhibit the utilization of any such, unless the entire process may be fully completed prior to 11 p. m. of Sept. 8, 1917."

**WILL HELP U. S. WAR PRISONERS****Committee Being Formed in 'Berne' to Aid Our Men in Germany.**

Washington, August 17.—Arrangements are being completed for the establishment in Berne of the American prisoners' central committee which will have charge of the work of ameliorating the condition of prisoners of war who are Americans or have been taken from vessels flying the American flag.

It is estimated that there are now about 100 Americans held as prisoners of war in Germany, most of them, American sailors of armed merchant ships, but the central committee is being organized on a scale that will enable it to care for an unlimited number.

This committee will co-operate with the American legation in Berne and the American Red Cross. Among other things it will see that clothing, delicacies and toilet articles are forwarded to the prisoners. It will endeavor to keep in touch with them and generally care for their interests as well as this can be done under present circumstances.

The organization of the committee is regarded as particularly timely in view of the reports of the cruel treatment accorded prisoners in Germany.

**HAVE CLOSE CALL WHEN MOTOR BOAT BURNS**

Jumping overboard from a blazing motorboat in order to save their lives, Herick Gooch and Harry Harding, sons of visitors at York Harbor, had a close call from death Tuesday evening, when Captain John E. Gifford's motor boat burned and went to the bottom of the harbor. Young Gooch was quite painfully burned, and it was found necessary to remove him to the hospital.

The young men were out in Gifford's motor boat watching Captain Tom

**WAR BOARD ISSUES THIRD CALL FOR DRAFT**

(Continued from Page One)

93—Thomas Hartley Kierstead, Five Corners, Hampton, N. H. .... 274  
1448—Peter Augustine Fullam, 537 Islington St., Portsmouth, N. H. .... 275  
1722—John Joseph Barrett, 62 Linden St., Portsmouth, N. H. .... 276  
128—Robert J. Carlson, 442 60th St., New York City. ....  
1476—Arthur Wilbur Brown, 55 Jackson St., Concord, N. H. ....  
CEYLON SPINNEY, Chairman.  
WILLIAM E. MARVIN, Clerk.

Date of posting of notice, 16th of August, 1917.  
Local Board for Division No. 1, For the County of Rockingham, State of N. H., Portsmouth, N. H.

**NOTICE OF CALL AND TO APPEAR FOR PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.**

The following named persons are hereby notified that, pursuant to the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, they are called for military service of the United States by this local board.

The serial number and the order number of each of such persons is shown below. They will report at the office of this Local Board for physical examination on the twenty-third day of August, 1917, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Any claim for exemption or discharge must be made on forms which may be procured, or the form of which may be copied at the office of the Local Board on or before the seventh day after the date of posting of this notice.

Your attention is called to the penalties for violation or evasion of the Selective Service Law approved May 18, 1917, and of the Rules and Regulations which may be consulted at this office.

Serial No.	Name	Address on Registration Card	Order No.
957	John E. Knight	44 Woodbury Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	277
1557	Percy Small	4 Elm Court, Portsmouth, N. H.	278
1744	Thomas Ernest Collins	42 Atkinson St., Portsmouth, N. H.	279
1112	Nathaniel L. Winn	36 No. School St., Portsmouth, N. H.	280
345	Henry Camire	Newmarket, N. H.	281
1595	Harry Burlingame	5 Manning St., Portsmouth, N. H.	282
1355	James William Scott	37 Richards Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	283
103	James Alvin Marden	Exeter Road, Hampton, N. H.	284
1552	Daniel Stephen Atwell	1 Johnson Court, Portsmouth, N. H.	285
1912	Charles Webster Chase	Seabrook, N. H.	286
1221	Willis Phider Gray	52 Middle St., Portsmouth, N. H.	287
1102	John J. Walsh	3 Parker St., Portsmouth, N. H.	288
1625	Joe Gahts	B. & M. Work train, Portsmouth, N. H.	289
556	Harry Specky	15 Elm St., Newmarket, N. H.	290
1565	Anthony Tanski	13 Bartlett St., Portsmouth, N. H.	291
151	Ray C. Elkins	Hampton Falls, N. H.	292
1281	Denis Leo Long	58 State St., Portsmouth, N. H.	293
51	Floyd Wesley Lambertson	Greenland, N. H.	294
717	Clifton Eveleth Collins	Pine St., Plaistow, N. H.	295
1057	Estratatos Samariy	151 High St., Portsmouth, N. H.	296
1266	Joseph Preston Hunter	34 Wilbur St., Portsmouth, N. H.	297
1073	George Soule	28 Langdon St., Portsmouth, N. H.	298
30	Everett Willard Bennett	Greenland, N. H.	299
199	Edwin Bird Clark	Kingston, N. H.	300
358	Joseph Fisher	Newmarket, N. H.	301
1423	Timothy William Connors	Greenland Road, Portsmouth, N. H.	302
1716	James Edward Wilbur	428 Pleasant St., Portsmouth, N. H.	303
773	Guy Atwell Smith	Massachusetts Boulevard, Plaistow, N. H.	304
608	Granville M. Emery	Newton, N. H.	305
406	James Bartlett Griffin	Main St., Newmarket, N. H.	306
519	Herbert Grover Philbrick	Main St., Newmarket, N. H.	307
1730	William Joseph Bureau	53 Washington St., Portsmouth, N. H.	308
25	Lee Roy Babikir	Greenland, N. H.	309
392	Arcangelo Franciose	5 Prescott St., Newmarket, N. H.	310
339	Sora Francescho	25 Russell St., Portsmouth, N. H.	311
333	Fred Ellwood Edgerly	Main St., Newmarket, N. H.	312

CEYLON SPINNEY, Chairman.  
WILLIAM E. MARVIN, Clerk.

Date of posting of notice, 16th of August, 1917.  
Local Board for Division No. 1, For the County of Rockingham, State of N. H., Portsmouth, N. H.

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The serial number and the order number of each of such persons is shown below. They will report at the office of this Local Board for physical examination on the twenty-fourth day of August, 1917, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Any claim for exemption or discharge must be made on forms which may be procured, or the form of which may be copied at the office of the Local Board on or before the seventh day after the date of posting of this notice.

Your attention is called to the penalties for violation or evasion of the Selective Service Law approved May 18, 1917, and of the Rules and Regulations which may be consulted at this office.

Serial No.	Name	Address on Registration Card	Order No.
1166	Horace Willey Craig	535 South St., Portsmouth, N. H.	313
712	Seth William Trippe	368 Marcy St., Portsmouth, N. H.	314
688	Frank Wadja	12 Nichols Ave., Newmarket, N. H.	315
856	Alonzo N. Crowell	135 Hanover St., Portsmouth, N. H.	316
705	Ralph Parker Bailey	Plaistow, N. H.	317
1346	Avin Foster Redden	52 Mendum Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	318
2051	Sumner Frank Bennett	1210 Islington St., Portsmouth, N. H.	319
1957	Everett Armstrong Goodwin	Seabrook, N. H.	320
575	Lep Joseph Turcotte	Spring St., Newmarket, N. H.	321
2023	Vernon Cecil Bond	Stratham, N. H.	322
914	Alfred T. Jenkins	320 Hanover St., Portsmouth, N. H.	323
1506	Thomas Donnelly MacLaughlin	Rye Beach, N. H.	324
1505	Abraham Richman	47 Marry St., Portsmouth, N. H.	325
1013	Myron Bert Feich	Seabrook, N. H.	326
1577	Fred Edward Davis Parsons	113 Sengamore Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	327
122	Amos Truck Redman	Beach Road, Hampton, N. H.	328
1763	Allen Benjamin Keen	451 Market St., Portsmouth, N. H.	329
642	Norman Jewell Rowell	Main St., Newton, N. H.	330
239	Leon E. Hudson	28 Vaughan St., Portsmouth, N. H.	331
1539	George Burton Hatt	295 South St., Portsmouth, N. H.	332
222	Frank Clifton Morgan	Kingston, N. H.	333
1715	Elmer Kline Wenhold	26 Manning St., Portsmouth, N. H.	334
506	Ugo Gobbi	49 School St., Portsmouth, N. H.	335
1337	Dana Henry Provenche	147 Cabot St., Portsmouth, N. H.	336
700	Frank Albert Taylor	North Hampton, N. H.	337
1250	Gay Noland Horrocks	267 Richards Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	338
1195	Charles Colgate Fish	1 Wilbur St., Portsmouth, N. H.	339
297	Willis Hadley Hoyt	Newington, N. H.	340
321	Antony Beskop	12 Main St., Newmarket, N. H.	341
736	Edmund Joseph Geodreau	Pine St., Plaistow, N. H.	342
1523	Jullias William Gilman	30 Gardner St., Portsmouth, N. H.	343
707	Phineas Leon Beede	Plaistow, N. H.	344
1425	Edward James Conney	48 Cass St., Portsmouth, N. H.	345
1002	Elmer E. Nason	45 Bridge St., Portsmouth, N. H.	346
1151	Edwin Murray Campbell	60 Sherburne Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	347
1101	Harold C. Walker	3 Walker St., Portsmouth, N. H.	348
368	William Derouin	Newmarket, N. H.	349
374	Harold L. Lytle	Box 355, Newmarket, N. H.	350

CEYLON SPINNEY, Chairman.  
WILLIAM E. MARVIN, Clerk.

Date of posting of notice, 16th of August, 1917.

Crowley float a yawl which had gone aground on the rocks opposite the Marshall house stable. The motor boat was back of the garage not far from shore. Just how it took fire is not known, although the men were using a lantern at the time and it is supposed that in some manner the flame from the lantern ignited the gasoline. The fire spread so quickly that they could not smother it, and both leaped overboard in order to save themselves from being burned to death. The boat went up in a blaze of burning gas, fire and wood.

Both men reached shore safely, Harding escaping without appreciable injury, but young Gooch fared worse.

**SALMON FALLS MANUFACTURING COMPANY.**  
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Salmon Falls Manufacturing Company will be held on Tuesday, Aug. 28, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., at the office of the treasurer, No. 50 State street, Boston, for the election of officers; to see if the stockholders will authorize the Directors to sell any land and buildings owned by the Company which in their judgment, are not needed for manufacturing purposes, and will authorize the Treasurer to sign, seal, acknowledge, and deliver in the name and behalf of the Company all necessary deeds and other instruments for that purpose; and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

CHARLES F. ALLEN, Clerk.  
Boston, Aug. 17, 1917.

**THE LITTLE GEM CAFE**

The Little Gem Cafe at No. 161 Vaughan street is now open for business. Everything neat and clean, and prices right. Regular dinner from 12 to 2. One meal will convince you that this is the place to eat.

**Friday OLYMPIA Saturday**

AN EXCEPTIONAL PROGRAM

**LOUISE GLAUM IN "LOVE OR JUSTICE"**

Better than "The Wolf-Woman."

FINAL CHAPTER

**"Mystery of the Double Cross"**

VALESKA SURATT IN

**"She"****PEOPLE YOU KNOW**

Mrs. Lavin Garland of this city is visiting friends in Farmington, N. H. Scott Linnahan of Haverhill, Mass., has taken a position as wine clerk at the Kearsarge House.

John F. Quinnan, who is employed at the navy yard, was a recent visitor at his home in Rochester.

It is understood that E. Percy Stoddard will be shortly taken to a Boston hospital for treatment.

Dr. H. L. Smith of Nashua has joined his family at Rye Beach where he will remain until after Labor day.

County Commissioner George A. Carlisle of Exeter was here on Friday to attend the weekly session of the commissioners.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Symonds of Exeter announce the engagement of their daughter Ruth to Leland E. Cole of Elmira, N. Y.

William Hennessey has so far recovered from his recent and protracted illness as to take a position at the Boston and Maine railroad ticket office.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Phelan of Acron, Mass., and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Phelan of Berea, Ky., have been the recent guests of Mrs. Catherine Mason of Hanover street.

Dr. A. C. Foster and family, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Osgood, Miss Linnah Moulton and Miss Jessie Walker of Rochester are enjoying cottage life at Concordville, York Beach.

Henry Philbrook and Melvin Breed of North Hampton both belong to the unit that originated at Dartmouth college. They are at present in the ordnance department at Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass.

At their home in Brentwood on Friday, August 24, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Rowe will receive their friends in celebration of the 50th anniversary of their marriage. Mr. Rowe is a member of Portsmouth Lodge, B. P. O. E., and has many friends in this city.

Sergeant Harry Agnew, U. S. M. C., retired, is passing a furlough in this city where he has made many friends. Sergeant Agnew was recently called back to active duty in the recruiting office at Philadelphia and has done excellent work in helping to increase the marine guard.

Miss Gertrude Carter, a former teacher of the North Hampton grammar school is spending the week at Mr. and Mrs. Oliver S. Hobbs, North Hampton. Miss Carter is now connected with the office corps at the Johnson Educator Cracker Company, Newburyport, Mass.

**AT DEDES'**

Delicious Arizona Melons, 3 for 25c and 4 for 25c.  
Fancy Maryland peaches, 75c basket.  
California fancy pears, 49c doz.



**BOTTLED IN BOND**  
**James E. Pepper Whiskey**

Aged by Time are our excellent whiskeys. They represent the acme of distilling, blending and fermenting. Scientific methods are employed in the distilling of whiskeys truly worth while. Wines, liquors and beers. Deliveries prompt. Satisfaction guaranteed.

**JOSEPH SACCO**  
252 Market St.

**A. MUSTONE**  
115 PENHALLOW ST.

High Grade Wines and Liquors.

Ale and Lager on Draught.

**Shooting Gallery**  
OPEN DURING DAY.

LEARN TO SHOOT HERE!

**CHINA EXPLAINS HER WAR DECLARATION**

Washington, August 18.—China's official explanation of the declaration of a state of war with Germany and Austria-Hungary, received last night at the Chinese legation here reads:

"In view of the many kinds of German intrigue seeking to create disorder in China, the Chinese government found it impossible to wait for the convocation of parliament before declaring the existence of a state of war with Germany, especially since the ruptures of diplomatic relations with the Imperial German government had been previously approved by parliament almost unanimously.

"Austria-Hungary has all along been acting in concert with the German government. Moreover, the Austrians, like the Germans, have special settlements in China which might easily be used by the Germans, who speak the same language as Austrians as a base of operation for further intrigues thereby rendering the situation here difficult for China to cope with.

"The Chinese government, therefore, was unable to adopt a different attitude toward Austria-Hungary but was constrained as an act of self-protection, simultaneously to accord her the same treatment as was accorded Germany.

Try a Want Ad for Results.

**JOBS AT NAVY YARD.**

Boston, Aug. 16.—Are you seeking a job?

There is work for many men at the Charlestown Navy Yard. There are places for common laborers, boat builders, wood carvers, shipfitters, steel molders and joiners.

Last week more than 500 men were given employment.

**COLONIAL THEATRE**

**NEXT WEEK**  
THIRD AND LAST WEEK OF THE

**Marcus Musical Comedy Company**

Three Changes—Monday, Wednesday, Friday.  
Wednesday Night—Society Dancing Contest.

</

# GERMAN LIEUTENANT ARRESTED AS SPY

**Navy Department Seeking Four Austrians Who Are  
Believed Implicated With Schneider at San Francisco**

(By Associated Press)  
San Francisco, Aug. 16.—Lieutenant Irving F. Schneider, of the German Navy, was arrested three days ago as a German spy by the Navy Department. It was announced tonight. Maps and papers declared to be very important were found in his possession at the time of his arrest and it is expected that his arrest will lead to the breaking up of one of the big German espionage parties on the Pacific coast.

## START PERMANENT ROADWAYS FOR NEW ENGLAND CANTONMENT

Ayer, Mass., Aug. 16.—A large force of men was today set at work building the permanent roadways through the reservation at Camp Devens. There are some thirteen miles of roads to be given hard, permanent surfaces, where less than two months ago there stood nothing but small trees and bushes. Already enough work has been done in laying out and building these roadways so that one may go about in an automobile, provided that he does not speed and is willing to stand for the roughness and jouncing he is sure to find.

Town Highways Must Be Rebuilt.  
There is another problem that will have to be met before long, in the opinion of the highway experts, and that is the serious condition in which the town roads for miles around the camp are getting. They have been cut to pieces and their surfaces fairly gouged out by the heavy teaming and thousands of automobiles which have driven over them, and they are constantly growing worse. By the time the rains begin next fall these roads will be almost impassable for many vehicles unless improvements are made immediately. It is expected, however, that the surrounding highways will be taken in hand and rebuilt in the most solid manner, as they are likely to have a great burden of traffic for a long time.

People who are most acquainted with the situation here are of the opinion that the Government is establishing the camp on the basis of its use for many years to come as a training place should universal military service become an established fact. If this is so, then good roads are one of the prime essentials of the immediate future.

Workmen Are Searched Every Day  
The tid now is on tight for all visitors, probably because of the smuggling in of liquor, although there is every evidence that it is the intention of the officers in charge of the camp not to let anyone bring in anything that might do harm of a material nature. As each workman enters the reservation he is made to show what he has in his bag or package, and if anything occurs to arouse the suspicions of the guard a further search of the clothing the man has on is made promptly. Wagons and automobiles are looked over carefully before being admitted.

Every workman has his individual red pass and none is admitted without showing his right to be there. Visitors also must have the required passes and must sign their names. An

ally her neutrality and independence. With a bad grass and hay crop, with a great shortage of fodder, and at this moment a suspension of grain shipments from the United States, the farmers are at their wits' end to find food for their overgrown herds. But the home market is naturally overstocked, prices have fallen even below pre-war rates and they are therefore begging and praying the government to open the frontiers for export as the only way out of the difficulty.

In any case the blockaded central powers cannot get any more than half any such export. The standing agreement provides that Britain, France and the Belgian Relief Commission shall have fifty per cent of all cattle going across the frontiers. But America, on whom the Netherlands is absolutely dependent for her grain supply, it is understood here, wants to stop all export of cattle and other produce to Germany, and presumably Holland also hesitates somewhat on this account.

The strange feature of this side of the question as the correspondent of the Associated Press learns on good authority, is that the blockaded Germany at present by no means evinces any anxiety to buy Dutch cattle. German farmers would doubtless jump at the chance; the German people would thankfully enlarge their bill of fare, but the authorities now look twice at every mark going across the frontiers in payment for imports.

Germany, no doubt is ready to buy at her own price; she certainly would not refuse the cattle if offered her; but no application for cattle export has been made from the German side. The Associated Press correspondent is reliably informed of this.

Another possible way of disposing of a considerable portion of the surplus cattle, is by substituting beef for pork in the government's cheap food supply scheme. This might take a next 50,000 or 60,000 head of cattle a month and account for 250,000 of the surplus cattle stocks and the plan is under consideration in high quarters.

The news from America on the export question is causing considerable anxiety here. If the United States presses the demand for a complete stoppage of exports of Dutch agricultural products to Germany as the price of continuing to supply her grain, Holland will be in a quandary indeed. It is true, she is, under the present circumstances, entirely dependent on her overseas grain supply, seeing that her crop is only sufficient to meet the needs of man and beast for three months.

On the other hand apart from her own small coal output, she is practically entirely dependent upon Germany for the fuel whereon depends the maintenance of lighting, heating, railways, shipping, fisheries and all of her industries, partly as a result of the onerous submarine war. Holland likewise draws such indispensable products as cement, iron, potash, lime, dyes and drugs from Germany.

Hollanders say that it would be staking the independence and security of their country for the present and the future, to depart from their policy of absolute impartiality and to differentiate in favor of the Allies.

Figures based on the latest foreign trade returns show that in the first quarter of the current year, exports to the United Kingdom amounted in value to \$21,000,000 and to Germany \$19,600,000. Imports from Britain totalled \$14,760,000 and from Germany \$10,000,000.

## SAW MILL MEN ATTACKED BY SUBMARINES

(By Associated Press)  
Maynard, Mass., Aug. 16.—The steamship carrying American saw mill unit number 3 to Great Britain was attacked by two German submarines while en route to her British port according to a letter received here tonight from one of the members of the unit. The letter said that two torpedoes were fired at the ship, neither reaching their mark. The vessel escaped for their attacks through her superior speed.

## HOOVER STOPS SUGAR TRADING IN NEW YORK

(By Associated Press)  
New York, Aug. 16.—Speculation in sugar which has increased greatly in price lately has been barred by the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange at the instance of Food Controller Herbert C. Hoover who in a letter requested that the exchange discontinue trading in futures as this invited speculation which tended to destroy the stability in the price of the commodity.

## NEW LOAN MADE TO BELGIUM AND ITALY BY U. S.

(By Associated Press)  
Washington, Aug. 16.—With the loan of \$10,000,000 to Italy and another loan to Belgium of \$5,000,000 by the United States government today, the U. S. treasury has paid to the allies in loans a sum amounting to a total of \$1,016,400,000.

## WILL CARE FOR DEPENDENTS OF NEGRO SOLDIERS

Through the personal efforts of Mrs. Emille Bigelow Haggood, an organization has been perfected to care for the wives and children of the Negro soldiers now preparing, along with other American forces, to enter the war. This organization is known as the Emergency Circle for Negro War Relief. Mrs. Haggood is chairman, and among the members of the committee are Gov. Charles S. Whitman of New York, Gov. Frank T. Lowden of Illinois, Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Amos Pinchot, the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, John Barrymore and others equally prominent.

The undertaking has received very strong endorsement from Col. Theodore Roosevelt. In a recent letter to Mrs. Haggood he said:

"I most cordially sympathize with the purpose of the Emergency Circle for Negro War Relief, and wish you and your associates every success in your efforts to meet the needs of the Negro soldiers and give aid to their families. This is an important patriotic duty, and as an American I thank you for performing it."

In an interview explaining the contemplated work, Mrs. Haggood said: "It is perhaps not generally realized that one-tenth of the people of our country are Negroes and fully one million of this race are of military age. In every previous war the Negro has enlisted willingly and has shown great skill and bravery under fire. In the Revolutionary war, five thousand of them fought under General Washington and Negro units were raised in Connecticut, Rhode Island and elsewhere. During the war of 1812 there were three thousand Negroes who helped General Jackson win the battle of New Orleans. Many colored men fought in New York state and in the navy under Perry and Channing. In the Civil war two hundred thousand Negroes enlisted. They fought in 213 battles and Abraham Lincoln said that the war could not have been won without them. In the Spanish-American war the four colored regiments of U. S. regulars went immediately to the front and their record in this conflict was a brilliant one. Volunteers also were raised in five states, many of them with Negro officers."

"Today, colored men are volunteering in considerable numbers and there is no organization to take care of their families or personal needs. This work, Frank Taylor Evans, Daniel Pratt the support of other interested persons throughout the country. I have had many encouraging letters that show the eagerness of our people to meet this situation. It is a need that might possibly have been overlooked and we are appealing to generous and patriotic Americans to aid us by contributions in making the work really helpful and effective."

Contributions and membership fees may be sent to the Treasurer, Mr. Harrison Rhodes, 222 West 55th street, New York City, or to Mrs. Emille Bigelow Haggood, 12 West 12th street, New York City.

The depository of the organization is the Farmers Loan and Trust Co., New York City.

## ENGLAND SAFE FROM THE DANGER OF STARVATION

London, Aug. 16.—Premier Lloyd George, speaking in the House of Commons this afternoon, said that this time last year the wheat in this country amounted to 6,450,000 quarters and that now it is 8,500,000 quarters. The stock of oats and barley, he declared also was higher.

"There had been a considerable saving in bread consumption, the premier said, and owing to closer milling and food economy there had been an addition to the wheat stock of 70,000 quarters per week (a quarter is equivalent to 480 pounds).

Mr. Lloyd George said the acreage under cultivation showed an increase of one million acres. In the harvest weather was good the condition of food supplies would be very satisfactory. The premier added that there had been an increase in the sugar reserve.

"The Government has come to the conclusion," the premier said, "that with reasonable economy there is no chance of starving England out."

"The admiralty plans for dealing with submarines have been increasingly successful."

"The premier said that in the single month of April 600,000 gross tons of shipping were lost through Teuton submarines. In July the tonnage lost went down to 320,000 gross tons. This month there was a substantial improvement over that of July."

"The net losses since the commencement of Germany's unrestricted submarine warfare was under 250,000 tons a month."

"Germany," he added, "now is barely able to hold her own—not even that."

Noel Billing asked whether Premier Lloyd George could give assurance that in the event of a "social military or political crisis" during the recesses steps would be taken to reassemble Parliament. Chancellor Bonar Law replied affirmatively.

Mr. Billing asked whether Parliament would be reassembled in the event of an armistice.

"The Chancellor replied. Mr. Lloyd George said that in the first six months of this year the new tonnage built was 484,000, while in the last six months, including purchases, the new tonnage would be 1,421,000. The premier also said that a considerable addition had been made in the programme of naval construction. With the cooperation of America, the premier said, there would be sufficient tonnage for all of 1918 and, if necessary, 1919. Although tonnage had decreased during the last year, he added, more goods had been carried from overseas."

## PRESIDENT CONFERS WITH NAVAL CHIEFS

Washington, August 17.—President Wilson yesterday afternoon held a 20-minute conference with Secretary Daniels, Admiral Mayo, commander of the Atlantic fleet, and Admiral Benson, chief of the Bureau of Operations. As this is the first time the President has called the fleet commander to the White House, with the secretary of the navy and the chief of operations, it is believed the conference may be accepted as the forerunner of developments of an important nature.

The White House offered no comment on the conference. Secretary Daniels said that "fleet movements" had been discussed. The two admirals declined to discuss the conference in any way.

It is understood that the President considered with his advisers the suggestions put forward by Vice Admiral Sims in recent reports for a more aggressive naval policy. The navy department has declined to publish these suggestions.

It is believed that the President received from the two admirals the navy's best opinion concerning the general situation on the seas and the most vulnerable part that the United States can play in naval warfare in the immediate future.

## EMERGENCY MONEY BEING CIRCULATED

(By Associated Press)  
Amsterdam, Netherlands, August 16.—Emergency money has long been circulating in large quantities in occupied northern France. It is all of paper and similar material, varying from stiff cardboard to parchment. Now it is printed in highly artistic, ornamental style; there it merely bears the communal stamp, with the mayor's signature. General Quartermaster Hahnendorf is now endeavoring to introduce some order into the situation, according to a frontier correspondent, and publishes a list of the approved notes. All paper money below 25 centimes (5 American cents) is invalid. Non approved notes must be exchanged before the announced date.

## MORE ADDED TO NATIONAL FOOD CONTROL BOARD

(By Associated Press)  
Washington, Aug. 16.—Appointment of twenty-eight men members of State Public Safety Committee from as many states as members of the new Federal Food Control Board by Food Controller Hoover was approved today by President Wilson. The members of the board are to serve without salaries. Among those named for New England are: Massachusetts, Henry B. Endicott, Boston; Rhode Island, Alfred I. Sears, Providence; and Vermont, James Hartness of Springfield.

## FRENCH VILLA AT DISPOSAL OF AMERICAN ARMY

(By Associated Press)  
Stockholm, August 17.—Mrs. Percy Proctor has asked the American minister, Ira Nelson Morris, to transmit to the state department her offer to place her villa near Mentone, France, at the disposition of the American army authorities in France. The villa has accommodations for forty men. It is Mrs. Proctor's idea that it should be used as a convalescent home.

## HAVE FRESH BEETS IN WINTER

They should be placed in ventilated barrels, loose boxes, or, better still, in crates.

They should be piled and the tops cut off when the soil is dry.

If sufficient space is available in the cellar, it is a good plan simply to place them in small piles along the wall.

Storage in large piles should be avoided as it is liable to cause heating and decay.

Writs for Farmers' Bulletins 617 and 573, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. These give full instructions free of charge. Cut this out NOW and save it.

Read the Want Ads.

## GENERAL WILL LEAVE SOON FOR DUTY IN FRANCE

(By Associated Press)  
Washington, Aug. 16.—Thirty-two major generals assigned to commands of divisions by the war department include the two national guard officers promoted yesterday to the rank has been called for duty in the field and will soon leave here for France. Among them are Major General Leonard Wood, ranking field officer of the American army and it is believed that they will all be dispatched to France to serve under General Pershing in command of American army divisions.

Both of the National Guard major generals will rank equally with the regulars and will have on their staffs several regular army brigadier generals, at the head of their brigades.

## ARMY OFFICER SHOT IN CAMP AT BALTIMORE

(By Associated Press)  
Baltimore, Maryland, Aug. 16.—Major Charles Billingsley, U. S. A., in charge of the sanitation work at Camp Meade, was found dead from a gun shot wound in his tent at the camp tonight. A committee of five officers headed by Col. Klein of the 10th Reg. N. G., in charge of the camp, decided that the shooting was accidental.

## Dr. Goodall

Is Now at the "Zenith" of His  
Good Name and Record  
both in

## DENTISTRY AND MUSIC

He is now able to teach four hours each day Vocal Music; viz., how to breathe correctly as all the great operatic singers do. "Diaphragmatically" deep breathing, then secondly how to sing naturally and correctly by proper teaching where and how to place the voice.

All Plates to Be Repaired  
If left with Dr. Goodall any evening between 7 and 10 o'clock will be finished and ready for use early the next morning, say 8 or 8.30.

Dr. Goodall is a Specialist in  
Bridge Work and Gold  
Crowns

and he will guarantee all work as strictly first class in every particular and at reasonable prices.  
Bad teeth filled and treated successfully in one week or less.  
Extracting teeth as usual.  
All work is strictly cash on delivery and guaranteed as first class always.

Dr. Goodall will give to his patients in Dentistry 3 hours in the forenoon, 9 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 4.30 p. m.

Quick Repairs on All Artificial  
Dentistry, Cracked Plates  
or Broken Teeth.

Dr. Goodall can be engaged to sing solos in Church or any Beach Hotel.

## TRUCK For a Little Money

Convert Your Ford Car Into  
a One Ton Truck

By Using a  
Tonford Unit—the Cheapest  
and Most Durable Truck  
on the Market.

This truck is suitable for expressmen, coal dealers, wholesale grocers, etc.

Call at my shop for demonstration. Truck body building a specialty. Ford bodies built to order.

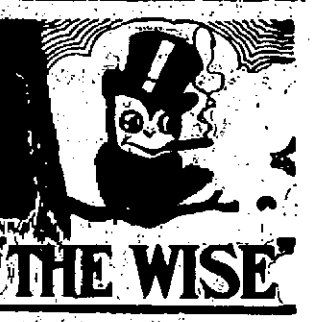
FREDERICK WATKINS,  
111 Hanover St., Portsmouth

VIA RAIL & BOAT

BAY STATE LINE NEW YORK \$280

VIA TROLLEY AND BOAT, \$2.60  
Staterooms, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Steel Steamships  
GEORGIA AND TENNESSEE  
Daily including Sunday, between Providence and Pier 11, East River, N. Y. Improved Service—Tel. Main 1712. City Ticket Office, 122 Washington St., Boston.



The wise owl tells us we must practice economy in every way to help our country in the present crisis. The wise woman will do so by sending her washing to us, thereby saving time, labor, and expense. A trial will convince you that this statement is true.

**NEW METHOD LAUNDRY**  
Tel. 373. Commercial Wharf  
Water Street



That over-worrying, needless avoidable question of washing the family's linen is eliminated with our Wet Wash Service. Our service means no more "wash lady" problem. Try our separate wash, sterilized, modern, gentle, thorough service—and the wash tub will never again be used in your home.

**Home Washing Co.,**  
315 Maplewood Ave., Tel. 1000  
L. M. GROVER, Prop.



**REPAIRING**  
In All Its Branches

With the prevailing high prices in shoes it pays to have your old ones repaired. Our work is that reliable kind that pleases the most particular people. Dependable work at lowest prices.

**FULIS BROS.,**  
157 Congress St.

## PERFEX WATERPROOF IGNITION

for  
**MOTOR BOATS**

**W. S. JACKSON,**  
111 Market St.

**7-20-4**  
R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfg.

Factory output two hundred thousand daily. Largest selling brand of 10s Cigars in the world.

**FACTORY.**  
MANCHESTER, N. H.

**Ford**  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

## IMPORTANT FORD NOTICE

On and after Aug. 1, the Hampton Center Garage will be the Ford Representative for the following towns: Portsmouth, Kittery, Eliot, Newington, Greenland, New Castle, Rye, North Hampton, Hampton, Hampton Falls, Seabrook.

Pending the building of a modern salesroom and service station in Portsmouth the trade of this vicinity will be taken care of at the building in the rear of Dr. Pickering's residence on Pleasant street, Portsmouth. The Hampton Center Garage will continue to give service to Ford owners of that locality. The location of the new service station in Portsmouth will be announced later.

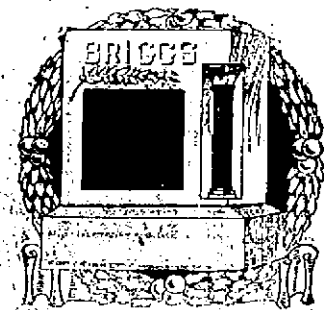
**HAMPTON CENTER GARAGE,**  
F. E. Brooks, Proprietor.



# SENSE

It means real dollars and cents to you to follow your own good sense and have us weld that broken auto part, casting or other broken metal part into a strong, durable whole. Our oxygen-acetylene welding is a real money saver to you—it will save worry, time, high cost of new parts and inconvenience. No matter what kind of a metal part you have broken see us before you buy a new one. Expert work—moderate charges.

**A. TRAFTON,**  
200 Market St., Portsmouth  
HORSESHOEING AND JOBBING.



If you place an order for a granite monument with us we do not order it of a manufacturer, but we manufacture it right here at our plant which is equipped with the most modern machinery operated by electric power and is the only plant so equipped in this section. We carry the largest stock of finished monuments and tablets of any city east of Boston.

**Fred C. SMALLEY,**  
CORNER STATE & WATER STS.  
Also Dover, N. H. Opp. City Hall.

## STANTON'S GARAGE

44 Hanover St.  
If your Car needs repairs (let me estimate the expense of overhaul).  
**Quick Service and Reasonable Charges**  
Personal Supervision of All Work.  
A First-Class Service Station.  
44 Hanover St.  
FRANK M. STANTON, Proprietor  
Tel. 1000.

## Do You Throw Your Money Away?

If you do not, save it by bringing your old clothes to us to be removed and repaired. We can many times give you extra value for your old clothes. Our cleaning department is in near perfection as scientific knowledge and modern equipment make it. In our dyeing department we make a specialty in turning out work at two days' notice.

**SUSSMAN'S DYE HOUSE**  
129 Penhallow St. Tel. 103

## Chas. W. Greene

FIRST CLASS SHOE REPAIRING  
Shoes Made to Order. Resoled. A Full Line of Shoe Findings. Laces, Agates, Pulls, Buttons, Etc.  
100 State St.,  
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.  
Opp. P. O.

## Decorations

FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS  
DOM WEDDINGS AND FUNERALS  
**R CAPSTICK**  
100 STATE ST.

## SHOOT SOME MEN HERE AS TRAITORS IS ROOT'S ADVICE

"Only a Matter of Time Before We Get Them," He Tells Union League Club.

New York, Aug. 16.—"There are men walking the streets of this city tonight who ought to be taken out at sunrise and shot," Edith Root said at the reception given for the American Mission to Russia by the Union League Club last evening. "They are doing work for Germany under false pretenses and are lying about it. If we are consistent for our liberty we will find them out and get them. Every one of us can help by telling to the authorities all we know and hear."

"It is only a matter of time when we will get these spies and traitors. We can't be fooled or played with too long. There are some newspapers printed in this city the editors of which deserve conviction and execution for treason. Sooner or later they may get it."

The club's large meeting room was filled with members. They gave Mr. Root a warm greeting, showed appreciative sympathy in his story of Russia's firm purpose to remain free, and cheered and shouted their approval of home measures that will unmask German service here and rouse Americans to the vital importance of earnest unanimity for the Allied cause.

He said there was no longer excuse for any American to fail to understand why this country is in the war; and with full understanding American service must become efficient and irresistible.

Charles E. Hughes presided at the reception. He presented Mr. Root in terms of high praise for undertaking such a mission in his advanced years, risking perils from which younger men might shrink, and for the wonderfully helpful results to Russia which the mission had accomplished.

German intrigue in Russia and its defeat there, while it has survived in this country, furnished a theme for part of a speech by Mr. Root in the morning in the City Hall. He warned the pacifists and others who are casting their influence directly or indirectly for the cause of the enemy to beware of an aroused democracy, which will apply to them the usages of war unless they mend their ways.

Col. Roosevelt emphasized this point.

## A. Thurston Parker

SUCCESSOR TO  
**OLIVER W. HAM**  
122 Market St.

Funeral Director and  
Licensed Embalmer.  
Phone at Office and Residence.  
Lady Assistant provided when required.

Telephone 598 for  
**FINEST COLLAR WORK**  
in New England.  
We have the "Last Word" in collar machinery and Guarantee to "Make Good."  
**CENTRAL STEAM LAUNDRY**  
Pleasant Street.

## LOST Dress Suit Case

Last November, a petty officer in the Navy left a dress suit case in a store on Daniel street, in the vicinity of Market Square. Will the party recalling the incident and having the suit case call The Herald?

## J. VERNE WOOD

Successor to  
**H. W. NICKERSON.**  
Funeral Director and  
Embalmer.  
OFFICE AND ROOMS  
13 Daniel St.  
Telephone at Office and Residence. Call 2117 Day or Night.  
Lady Assistant when required.

## Somebody Has to Raise or Pack Everything You Eat DO YOUR SHARE

CAN OR PRESERVE SURPLUS PERISHABLES.  
The Conservation of Food is a Vital Necessity under war conditions.  
Make Every Jar Help Feed Your Family

For the benefit of the housewives we have been able to secure a series of folders on canning and preserving which can be had by calling at our office.

## PORTSMOUTH GAS CO., Always at Your Service

by saying that public servants who devote their energies to the detriment of the Nation, nominally in the interests of pacifism, and morality, should be made to feel that they are unhelpful in the view of every honest American.

These sentiments were expressed at the reception for the American mission to Russia by the municipal authorities. Men prominent in city affairs filled the Council Chamber. It was a gathering that grew enthusiastic over the picture the speakers drew in presenting the political impulse and potency of Russia and the lessons it has already set before American democracy.

### THE AMERICAN SOCIALIST

(By Henry Dwight Sedwick of The Vigilantes.)

"Not all of us call ourselves Socialists, but our social views have been leveled by the yeast of Socialism, that in so far as Socialism means the welfare of the social whole and an obligation upon every member to do what he can to further that welfare. Many Americans have always disliked, instinctively it would seem, the designation Socialists as smacking of alien origin and alien notions; they have preferred to call themselves Radicals or Progressives, or by some such title. But, whatever their names, all democratic Americans are agreed that the social motto the work of each for the weal of all must become our national motto and that the time has gone by in which a privileged class shall be permitted to receive far more than its fair share of the wealth produced by our common labor and to exercise more than its fair share of control in matters economic."

The Socialist party, if it was of native birth would naturally be the center of this social movement; but unfortunately the Socialists are not of American origin but have renounced or perhaps have never acknowledged the obligations of American nationality.

We all Socialists and others, look forward to the poet's dream of the "federation of the world." We look forward to equal opportunities in all countries for all men, no matter where they were born, no matter what their race or religion; but before that goal can be attained there must be a long, slow time of preparation.

This period of preparation with its gradually increasing understanding, between governments, its gradual establishment of free trade between nations, its gradual increase of emigration and immigration, its gradual breaking down of the barriers set by language, by diverse customs, by different religious beliefs and practices, its gradual approach to justice in dividing the fruits of labor—this period the civilized world was just entering upon when one nation under the spur and rein of feudal leaders, suddenly balked at the prospect of democracy at home and of brotherhood abroad, and insisted for its own benefit upon its theory of the domination of the strong—at home of Prussian capitalists, soldiers, Junkers, and abroad of German control and exploitation of weaker nations.

The Socialist party in Germany in spite of its complete failure to assert its previously boasted freedom and power, may be excused, because each individual Socialist was also an officer or a private in the army and when the tocsin sounded he was confronted with the alternative of joining his regiment, or of being shot. But the Socialist party in America has no excuse for not opposing with all its might the ambition of the Prussian Junkers.

It is natural enough that Socialists in America and elsewhere, should entertain a special feeling for Germany. That in the Socialist Fatherland, Karl Marx is to them the Moses of this chosen people; Engels is a sort of Aaron, and Lassalle a Joshua. Day Kapital is a kind of divine law delivered by them by their Moses. Other people worship golden calves, or what not, but they have the true faith. This trait and their admirable organization hold all Socialists together in what had been hoped was an international fellowship.

And in this country the majority—perhaps not in numbers (for numbers scattered and unorganized are always

ineffectual) but in power and influence—the majority consists of men of German blood, or Hebrews who had a special feeling against the Russian government as it was during the past two and one half years of war; therefore the Socialists have never become incorporated into the main body of the nation, they have kept themselves apart, and have grown accustomed to consider their party as the one corporate body to which they owe allegiance. When war came with Germany they felt no loyalty to the U. S. At their Socialist party convention on April 12, 1917, (this cannot be repeated too often) the majority of the committee on war reported: "The Socialist Party of the United States proclaims its unalterable opposition to the war just declared by the government of the U. S. The war of the United States against Germany cannot be justified. We brand the declaration of war by our government as a crime against the people of the United States and against the nations of the world. In all modern history there has been no war more unjustifiable than the war in which we are about to engage."

Was not this going a little far? Is it consistent with the oath of allegiance and the duties of citizenship? We do not deny to American citizens the right to hold their private opinions; but in time of war we do deny the license of publishing opinions that are disloyal acts.

The Socialist party should be a healthy cure of great improvement for social reforms, political and economic—in the nation, in the state, in the municipality. But instead of accepting the national view of right and wrong, instead of sharing in the national task, instead of coming forward to take the steps now (except by them, and an unimportant scattering of pacifists) universally acknowledged necessary for establishing democracy in the world, instead of furthering conscription, military, preparations and vigorous prosecution of the war, the American Socialist party flings a challenge of defiance at the nation, it renounces all claims to the sympathy and confidence of its fellow citizens, and conduct itself in the way that in other countries, in Germany for instance, would be judged and punished as treason.

It is a great mistake and a great pity. The Socialist party has digged about itself a deep ditch of disloyalty and has cut itself off from further usefulness. It has encouraged a handful of vain and self-important pacifists to take a similar position, and holds up to every society, corporation and individual an example of preferring personal interests to national duty.

Such conduct is a pity; it is as if a child should strike its mother, and tends to bring the admirable Socialist views of social betterment into disrepute.

## RADICAL PLAN OF NAVAL REFORM IN TRAINING

(By Associated Press)

Petrograd, August 16.—Major-General Khudo, Chief of Naval Educational Institutions has prepared a plan of naval training reform, based on the doctrine that the recent granting of full political rights to fighting men of both services involves the solution of a new spirit into their education. The plan provides that the existing naval academy, school for marines, marine engineering institute and Sebastopol Naval Training Corps shall all be directed from a central naval educational institution in this city. Other marine and naval schools will be united with the Sebastopol corps into a single naval school to be situated in Sebastopol. A radical reform, in that for these schools, all persons shall be eligible who have had secondary education. There will be no privileges for nobles. Thereby the career of naval officer will be opened to Russians of relatively humble position and means. The ultimate aim of the reform is that the naval education after the war will be conducted in a pacifist and anti-militarist spirit, so as to prepare for the expected reduction of armaments.

## IRISH FAVOR FREEDOM LIKE CANADA'S

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Richard Hazelton, member of the British Parliament for Galway, addressed a large meeting in Gaelic Park at the annual demonstration last night of the United Irish League of Chicago on the constitutional movement in Ireland. Resolutions were adopted pledging support to John Redmond and the constitutional movement as advocated by him.

Mr. Hazelton said that while every Irish Nationalist would be glad to see an Irish republic established, the experience of Canada, Australia and South Africa had shown that as a federation of free races under one crown these people could live in freedom and friendship with the democracy of England.

"We have aimed to secure the same provision," Mr. Hazelton said, "and the same rights for Ireland. We are believers in constitutional agitation, because we believe that it is possible for the democracies of England and Ireland to be just and fair as friends and brothers."

"Sir Edward Carson and the Orange men of Ulster aimed themselves at the instigation of the English Tory party, and supported by that party, with all its power declared that they would resist self-government in Ireland by force of arms."

"Seeing that civil war in Ireland threatened England, Germany chose to war owing to her troubles in Ireland so that Carson and the English Tories by their policies are responsible for the letting loose of this world war."

"Believing that right and justice were on the side of the Allies, Mr. Redmond and the Irish party at once decided to support them. It would have been possible for him to have stood aloof, and many Irishmen believe that this is what he should have done, but believing as we did and do that a German victory would mean the death of democracy, what a horrible thing it would be for us to join in helping Germany to destroy the liberty of the world in order that Ireland should be re-enslaved on England."

## EXPERIMENT WITH NEW DEVICE

(By Associated Press)

Rotterdam, Netherlands, August 17.—Experiments with a newly invented device intended to cut the anchor chains of floating mines and to prevent them from coming in contact with a vessel passing through a mine field, have been conducted here. It is claimed with success. The contrivance was invented by Rear Admiral Goedhart of the Dutch navy.

It was affixed to a steamship of the Dataserve line for a series of tests. The vessel steamed through a field of harmless mines with the result, it is asserted that every mine that barred her course automatically was pushed aside and its anchor chain cut.

The invention consists of a steel prolongation of the ship's bow, which is easily hoisted or stowed away. It extends eighteen feet under the water and is designed to push the mine anchoring chains or cables aside to a distance of 16 feet from either side of the vessel. At that point the cables are clipped and the liberated mine rises to the surface fifteen feet from the vessel's side. Having once been passed safely the plan is to explode the floating mine by shooting at it.

After the clipping of the chain of one mine the apparatus is intended automatically to become ready to deal with the next.

## BASE BALL

American League.

No games.  
National League  
Chicago 4, Boston 1.  
Philadelphia 5-3, Pittsburgh 3-0.  
St. Louis 3, New York 0.

The Portsmouth Herald publishes the news, both foreign and local when it is news.

## Granite State Fire Insurance Company

Of Portsmouth, N. H.  
**Paid up Capital \$200,000**  
OFFICERS:  
Calvin Page, President  
Joseph O. Hobbs, Vice President  
Alfred P. Howard, Secretary  
John W. Emery, Asst. Sec.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

You Get RESULTS From Them  
Just Phone 37 3 Lines 40c  
1 Week 40c  
TRY ONE TODAY AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED

### WANTED

WANTED—Young man to work in lunch room at Beach; must be over 13, neat and quick; salary \$15 a week and time off. Apply in person at Maker Lunch, Hampton Beach. he a13, 1w

WANTED—By a refined young married woman, care of child or plain sewing for a few hours daily. Address X this office. he a16, 1w

WANTED—Drivers for American Express Co. Apply American Express Co., B. & M. Sutton, City. he a14, 1w

TENEMENT WANTED—Small house preferred, by American family of 3, anytime before Sept. 15, 1917. N. A. S., this office. he a15, 1w

### FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Model 1917, 3-cylinder Peerless roadster. Cost \$2450 last Nov. Will sell at a great reduction. Reason for selling, leaving for war. Address "Peeries," Herald Office, he 1w a11.

### LOST

LOST—Starting crank for auto in Kittery, Me. Finder leave at Prince's Store. he a16, 3t

LOST—Black and white Boston bull, fall just been cut. Wore brass studded collar. Telephone information to 3843M. ch if a17.

LOST—A pair of eye glasses in a case marked B. Reward if returned to this office. ch 2, a16.

LOST—Tuesday, August 14th, on road between York Harbor and Portsmouth, two wire, automobile, wheels mounted with Marathon Tires. Liberal reward if returned to Miles White Jr., Marshall House, York Harbor. ch 1, a16.

### FOUND

FOUND—Wednesday evening on Islington street, near Goodwin Park, ladies hand bag. Owner can have same by calling at 558 Islington street. ch 1w a11

## York Beach THE CRAWFORD HOUSE

CAFE  
CLEAN ROOMS, \$1.00 DAY UP.  
HOME COMFORTS.  
Regular Dinners.  
Shore Dinners.

## THE CLOVERLEAF

HOME OF FARWELL'S KISSES

And the Popular Cloverleaf Corn Cakes.

Farewell's York Beach, Me.

THE ATLANTIC—Rooms day or week. \$1.00 up. Special by week \$2.00 two hundred more same day.

### OFFICIAL TIME TABLE

Portsmouth, Dover and York

Street Railway.

SUMMER TIME TABLE

In Effect July 2, 1917.

(Subject to change without notice)

### PORTSMOUTH

For Elop and Dover, 5.55, 7.55, 9.55, 10.55, 11.15 a. m. and every half hour until 6.55 p. m. Then 7.55, 9.55 and 10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

\*Runs to Rosemary Junction when there are passengers.

For South Berwick, 6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every half hour until 9.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For Kittery and Kittery Point, 6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every half hour until 10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor, York Beach via Kittery and Kittery Point, 6.55, 7.55, 9.55, 10.55 a. m. and every half hour until 6.55 p. m. Then 7.55 and 9.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor, York Beach via Rosemary, 6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 9.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

### THE COMPANY WITH THE PYRAMID

CONSECUTIVE 10 YEARS OF PYRAMID PROGRESS

NEW HAMPSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

TOTAL LIABILITIES \$1,300,000.00 POLICY HOLDERS SURPLUS \$1,000,000.00

### TO LET

One nice, large office, well lighted and heated. Handsome and modern building. Located at Market Office.

FOR SALE—Set of grocery fixtures. Apply 341 Islington St. after 6 p. m. ch 1w a18.

FOR SALE—Young horse, 6 years old. Apply to Steve Passalis, Deles Fruit Store, Portsmouth N. H., he1wa15

FOR SALE—House of three rooms, small farm, barn, hen house and hen yard wired in for three hundred hens; acre and a half land with apple, pear, plum, peach, quince trees and grape vines. All planting has been done. Five minutes walk from schoolhouse. Apply to C. H. Miller, Durgin's Lane, off Woodbury avenue, Portsmouth, N. H. he 1, a 17.

FOR SALE—Some very good, above cases and wall fixtures. Apply at this office.

# Will You Give a Book to Cheer Our Soldiers?

"YOU CAN DO YOUR BIT"

by bringing any volumes you can spare from your own collection to The Public Library, to be forwarded to Army Camps, the Front and the Hospitals.

## Magazines Not Over Two Years Old Will Be Welcome

### PORTSMOUTH BOY MOVES UP IN RANKS OF ARMY

Arthur Scott Assigned to the 79th Division at New York.

Arthur Scott, a well known Portsmouth boy, and son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Mark A. Scott, is passing a few days in this city as the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Michael Kelley of Cass street. He now holds a commission as first lieutenant, U. S. A., and has been assigned to the 79th division at New York.

He entered the service 11 years ago

with the 21st Infantry at San Diego, Cal., as a private and quickly made the rank of the non-commissioned staff but did not stop there. He was appointed a second lieutenant in June and on August 15 was promoted to the rank he now holds.

In conversation with his former associates here he expressed himself as delighted with this branch of Uncle Sam's service and anxiously awaits foreign duty. It is safe to say that Lieut. Scott will make good in the service of his country and his friends and acquaintances in his native town are much pleased to hear of his steady advancement. He will report in New York next week.

## CHARGED WITH INTENT TO KILL

Sadie Green Held in \$1000 to Await Result of Costello's Injuries.

Sadie Green, colored, who was arrested at an early hour Friday morning charged with an assault with intent to kill Frank Costello at a cottage at North Rye Beach, was arraigned at a special session of police presided over by Judge Ernest L. Gupitell and held in the office of the Rockingham county jail. The woman was not represented by counsel and Judge Gupitell accepted her plea of not guilty and continued the hearing until Saturday, August 25, to await the result of Costello's injuries, the respondent being ordered to recognize in the sum of \$1000. Mrs. Georgianna Costello was held in \$200 as a witness. Costello is at the Portsmouth hospital as the result of several bad razor cuts which are alleged to have been inflicted by the infuriated woman.

## WORK ON THE FEDERAL SHIPS WILL START SOON

Work on a fleet of 30 freighters, ordered by the United States Government from the newly organized shipyard in Newington, is expected to start soon. The two miles of railroad tracks necessary to facilitate the handling of the lumber are nearly laid. The J. H. Mendell Engineering Company of Manchester received the contract, and organized a subsidiary concern to assist in the work. The ships will be 268 feet long, 46 feet beam and will draw 19 feet of water, each to cost \$550,000, making a total cost for the undertaking of \$16,500,000.

When the work of building the ships starts 3500 men will be needed. Eighteen ships will be under construction at the same time, the shipyard to have 18 ways and the cost of the plant will be in the vicinity of \$500,000. To construct the 30 ships, 45,000,000 feet of yellow pine will be used, requiring 3000 freight cars to convey that amount of lumber.

The terms of the contract call for the launching of the first ship on or before the first of April, 1918, when it should be all completed with the exception of the installation of the machinery and the equipment. The 30 ships should be delivered no later than Oct. 1 of next year.

As an inducement to get workmen and also pay them what they earn the company is now working out a profit-sharing scheme in which the crews which save material and do fast work will be rewarded.

## I WONDER

Why so many changes during the past three years in the drivers of the fire department?

When the new secretary of the Chamber of Commerce goes on the job?

If the paving row is really over and if the last kick has been registered?

When the Public Service Commission will be heard on the city's petition which has been in their hands for the past two weeks?

Why some of the Portsmouth boys who claim to be strong with the ladies in Epping and Newmarket, do not join the Home Guard in those towns?

What the Boston and Maine is going to do with that coal handling plant at the North End?

If any train station on the Boston and Maine needs a real train erler more than Portsmouth?

Why the Portsmouth fire department needs so many different stations about the city and why the city stands for the useless expense of the same?

If the bootlegging about the city has been checked for good?

When the Standard Oil Company

**Prof. Anderson**  
of Boston and York Beach

**TEACHER MODERN DANCING**

Has opened a Dancing School at the Portsmouth Yacht Club Ball Room.

POPULAR PRICES.  
Write or call for interview.

will start that building boom on Nobles Island

Why some of the Portsmouth navy yard men say the station has work enough and, object to the big ships coming here just now?

Why some of the money donated for the Portsmouth hospital for building improvements is not spent?

Why people would rather tramp across the lawn of Goodwin Park than take the walks laid out for that purpose

## LOCAL DASHES

Farmers welcome the rain.

Another call by the war board.

Koleher trucks, C. E. Woods, Bow street.

Don't forget the fly should be swatted.

Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch, Tel. 153.

Another hitch is reported in the Middle street paving.

The patchwork of the street department on the paving is slow.

Our candles are the home made kind that satisfy. Paros Bros.

Special for Saturday, \$2.95 skirts for \$1.14, at Everybody's Store.

Paros' ice cream for quality and flavor. Tel. 29V. Delivered Sunday.

\$18.95 and \$22.50 Ladies' suits, special for Saturday, \$8.95, at Everybody's store.

Fair weather is predicted for Saturday which is pleasing news to everybody.

The local war gardens are doing fine and the crops will be large.

The board of county commissioners held their weekly session in this city on Friday.

Fruit, ice cream, variety goods and groceries at Lafayette Store. Open evenings.

Auto service by day or hour. Reasonable rates. 250 State street, Tel. 347J.

Lobsters and fresh fish of all kinds, caught by our own boats, fresh every day. E. Jameson & Sons, Tel. 245.

Children's dresses, \$1.50 value, special for Saturday, 79c, at Everybody's Store.

Antique furniture restored and upholstered. Hair mattresses renovated. Margeson Bros. Tel. 670.

Upwards of 300 lines of the local telephone system were put out of commission by Thursday's electrical storm. It is, however, expected that all will be in commission by Friday evening.

\$1.50 Men's straw hats, special for Saturday at 69c, at Everybody's Store.

## OBITUARY

Anna M. Scott

Word reached here on Thursday from Kearsarge, N. H., of the death of Anna M. Scott, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George P. Scott of State street, who passed away after a short illness aged 14 years, 10 months and 1 day. Her death causes great sorrow to all who knew the young girl, and especially to her close friends and schoolmates. She was one of the most popular and beloved children of her age in the city, and to the family much sympathy is extended in their bereavement. Deceased was a graduate of the Parochial school and at present was a first year pupil at the high school. Besides her parents she is survived by one sister, Margaret; three brothers, George, William and Frederick.

Miss Lucy Hannah Anderson  
Died in this city August 15 at the home of her sister, Mrs. William H. Allen, 7 Franklin street, Lucy Hannah Anderson. She was born March 25, 1848, the third daughter of the late Edward N. Anderson, Esquire, and Martha S. H. Anderson.

## LIGHTNING CAUSES LOSS OF VALUABLE FARM BUILDINGS

During a heavy thunder shower at 1 o'clock this morning, lightning struck the barn of Harry Leavitt at Wolfboro. The flames quickly spread to the house and other buildings which were totally destroyed. The loss is estimated between \$5000 and \$7000.

SPECIALS AT CATER'S MARKET, 37 DANIEL ST., TEL. 120.

Sirloin roasts of beef, 35c lb.  
Native green corn, 25c doz.  
Native green beans, 3 qts for 25c.  
Large heads fresh lettuce, 8c.  
Pancake No. 1 cakes, 5c.  
Pancake melons, just right, 5c.  
Native fowl, celery, ripe tomatoes, cauliflower, green peppers, and shell beans at Cater's Market.

## SUPERINTENDENT ARRIVES.

Government Superintendent Jones of the new shipbuilding plant at Newington, has arrived in this city and will take up his duties at once. He will reside in Portsmouth.

Nurse will board and care for invalid. Riverview, South Elliot, Me., he 1w & 17.

Read the Want Ads.

## THE HERALD HEARS

That the Portsmouth navy yard at the present time is furnishing manufactured material for every naval station in the country.

That Jacob Gelman has sold his tailoring business on Daniel street and taken a position in Boston.

That the latest handed to any war draft board as an excuse for exemption was at Biddeford, Me.

That Charles Smith of Saco passed the physical examination with flying colors and the board thought he would be ready to fight.

That the board learned that he had a soft spot in his heart.

That in answer to the question why he claimed exemption he said he had a steady girl.

That it took the board members some time to recover their composure.

That the chairman told Smith that the government had not as yet provided a rule whereby lovers could be released from war duty.

That he was informed that the Y. M. C. A. would provide all the necessary writing material to men with steady girls and that was the best that could be done as far as they knew.

That another Saco man claimed exemption because he had a bald head.

That the board said this would not release him and asked for some other disability.

That he quickly replied that he had a sore throat and a headache.

That Albert Bennett, formerly of Cater's Market, is now managing the Walden Market on Vaughan street.

That the pulmotor is now located in the police headquarters and will be handled by drivers of the police patrol.

That little Dan Cupid has got the force of telephone operator in the Washington, D. C., office shot to pieces.

That he hit them hard during the month of June and took 100 of them from the switchboard.

That the local exchange knows very well that Dan has been around to see a few of the force in the past five years.

That some people will wear out a pair of shoes walking to save seven cents on a peck of potatoes, and will pay \$500 to boot to get a 1917 automobile.

That the White House pickets are all said to have money but some of them need sense.

That the people are still straining their eyes and ears to hear and see the cut in the price of coal.

## LOCKE FAMILY REUNION.

The 27th annual reunion of the Locke Family Association will be held at the Town Hall, Rye, Wednesday, Aug. 29. Preliminary meeting at 11 o'clock; dinner at 12:30; business and social meeting in the afternoon.

## KITTERY

## For Sale MODERN HOUSE

Eight rooms, bath, hot water heat and garage, near navy yard and in excellent location. Price \$4000.

BUTLER & MARSHALL  
5 MARKET ST.

## For Sale

Cottage house, six rooms and bath, hardwood floors, electric lights, furnace heat

PRICE, \$2500.

Look into this. It's cheap.

FRED GARDNER  
Glebe Building.

Made in the light by men in white. All cans and utensils sterilized with live steam. The sanitary factory of Portsmouth.

Miss S. J. Zoller of Boston  
ELECTRIC NEEDLE SPECIALIST  
Removes Superfluous Hair.  
Will be at Hair Dressing Parlor of Mrs. Ida A. Nelson, 4 Globe Building, Sept. 2. Phone Appointments There.



We guard our customers' interests when we sell them our blue serge suits. We guarantee them satisfaction with these suits both as to color and wear. They are "true blue" and all worsted. As for style the names of the makers guarantee that—Stein-Bloch Co., Kuppenheimer & Co. These makes, \$20.00. Other makes at \$15.00 and \$18.00.

## Henry Peyser & Son

Selling the Togs of the Period.

## FRANK W. KNIGHT SHOE TALKS

10 Market St.

"SHOES OF QUALITY"

Portsmouth

## Sale of Men's Oxfords



We have announced this sale from the mere fact that having reduced certain lines of desirable oxfords will be enough to encourage many men to take advantage of the opportunity to buy more than one pair. The street and sport oxfords predominate.

Extra Value  
Blacks and Russets  
Price \$4.00

## MIONE SOAP

Machinists, Painters, Automobilists, Engineers and Mechanics should use this Soap for removing all stains, grease and paint from the hands.

This Soap is very useful for scouring pots and pans.

PRICE 10 CENTS

For a large tin box.

## PRYOR-DAVIS CO.,

THE OLD HARDWARE SHOP,

Tel. 509.

36 Market St., Portsmouth

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY  
ORGANIZED 1824

## The Importance of Safe Deposit Protection

is never more apparent than in war time, when men are enlisting in the army and may go far from home. Have an absolutely secure place for your valuables by placing them in our fire and burglar proof vault. Safe deposit boxes for rent \$1.50 and up per year.

FIRST  
NATIONAL  
BANK

PORTSMOUTH, N.H.

## Garden Pests

ARE CONTROLLED BY

## Corona Dry Arsenate of Lead

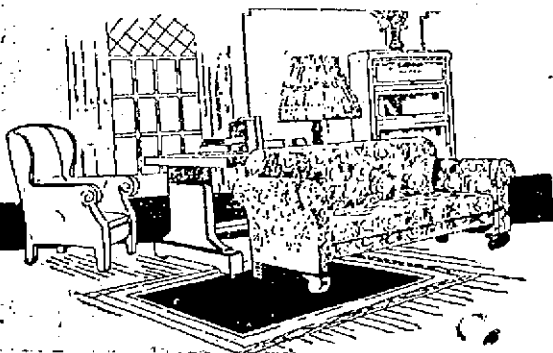
To be used on the foliage either dry or mixed with water and sprayed.

It won't burn or destroy your crops like other insecticides.

## R. L. COSTELLO

Seed Store

115 Market St.



Here is a natty looking setting for the Library.  
No matter what your taste is in fittings we can meet them.

OUR SERVICES ARE AT YOUR DISPOSAL  
ALL THE TIME

## MARGESON BROS.,

64 Vaughan St.

Tel. 570